



ALIGNMENT

Assessment, Evaluation, and Programming System for Infants and Children, Third Edition (AEPS®-3)

WITH

Indiana's Early Learning Development Framework

Alignment of Assessment, Evaluation, and Programming System for Infants and Children, Third Edition (AEPS®-3) with Indiana's Early Learning Development Framework

This document aligns Indiana's Early Learning Development Framework: The Foundations [2015] with the areas, strands, goals, and objectives of Assessment, Evaluation, and Programming System for Infants and Children, Third Edition (AEPS*-3).

References

Bricker, D., Dionne, C., Grisham, J., Johnson, J.J., Macy, M., Slentz, K., & Waddell, M. (2022). Assessment, Evaluation, and Programming System for Infants and Children, Third Edition (AEPS®-3). Brookes Publishing Co.

Indiana's Early Learning Development Framework: The Foundations. (2015). Retrieved from: https://www.in.gov/doe/files/foundations-2015-august-12.pdf

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Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items				
	English/Language Arts Foundations							
English/Language Arts Foundation 1: Communication Process								
ELA1.1: Demons	strate receptive communication							
	Demonstrate continual growth in understanding increasingly complex and varied vocabulary	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	2.1 Recognizes own and familiar names				
Infant	Respond to words or gestures	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	1.1 Follows pointing gestures with eyes				
	Recognize familiar objects, people, and voices	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	2.1 Recognizes own and familiar names				
	Orient to sounds in the environment	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1. Orients to events or stimulation				
Young Toddler	Demonstrate continual growth in understanding increasingly complex and varied vocabulary	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	2. Locates common objects, people, or events				
Toding Toddiel	Respond to simple statements, requests, and/or gestures	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	2.2 Responds to single-word directive				
	Demonstrate continual growth in understanding increasingly complex and varied vocabulary	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	2. Locates common objects, people, or events				
Older Toddler	Respond to simple sentences, phrases, gestures and/or actions	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4. Uses intentional gestures, vocalizations, and objects to communicate				
	Follow simple one-step directions	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	3.3 Follows one-step direction with contextual cues				
	Demonstrate continual growth in understanding increasingly complex and varied vocabulary	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	4.1 Answers who, what, and where questions				
Younger Preschool	Respond to complex gestures and/or actions to communicate (such as comforting others who are crying)	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	Uses language to initiate and sustain social interaction				
	Listen to and follow multi-step directions with adult support	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	3.1 Follows multistep directions with contextual cues				
	Demonstrate continual growth in understanding increasingly complex and varied vocabulary	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	4. Responds to comprehension questions related to why, how, and when				
Older Preschool	Respond to complex gestures and/or actions to communicate (such as comforting others who are crying)	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	Uses language to initiate and sustain social interaction				
	Listen to and follow multi-step directions	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	3. Follows multistep directions without contextual cues				
Kindergarten	K.W.5: With support, build understanding of a topic using various sources. Identify relevant pictures, charts, grade-appropriate texts, personal experiences, or people as sources of information on a topic.	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	3. Solves problems using multiple strategies				
Standard	K.RV.1: Use words, phrases, and strategies acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to literature and nonfiction texts to build and apply vocabulary.	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	Provides and seeks information while conversing using words, phrases, or sentences				



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
ELA1.2: Demons	trate expressive communication			
	Use facial expressions to communicate	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1.1 Reacts to events or stimulation
Infant	Use simple vocalizations to communicate	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	3. Engages in vocal exchanges
	Express sounds and patterns of home language	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	3. Engages in vocal exchanges
	Demonstrate continual growth in increasingly varied and complex vocabulary	Social-Communication	C. Communicative Expression	1.3 Uses consistent approximations for words or signs
Young Toddler	Use gestures to clarify communication	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4. Uses intentional gestures, vocalizations, and objects to communicate
	Use single words or simple phrases	Social-Communication	C. Communicative Expression	1.2 Uses 50 single words, signs, or symbols
	Demonstrate continual growth in increasingly varied and complex vocabulary	Social-Communication	C. Communicative Expression	1.2 Uses 50 single words, signs, or symbols
Older Toddler	Use gestures and actions to communicate	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4. Uses intentional gestures, vocalizations, and objects to communicate
	Use simple phrases or simple sentences	Social-Communication	C. Communicative Expression	1.1 Uses two-word utterances
	Talk about past, present, and future events	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	2.2 Describes objects, people, and events as part of social exchange
	Demonstrate continual growth in increasingly varied and complex vocabulary	Social-Communication	C. Communicative Expression	1. Produces multiple-word sentences to communicate
	Use complex gestures and actions to communicate	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	Uses language to initiate and sustain social interaction
Younger Preschool	Use expanded sentences	Social-Communication	C. Communicative Expression	1. Produces multiple-word sentences to communicate
	Describe activities and experiences with detail	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	2.2 Describes objects, people, and events as part of social exchange
	Demonstrate continual growth in increasingly varied and complex vocabulary	Social-Communication	C. Communicative Expression	1. Produces multiple-word sentences to communicate
	Use complex gestures and actions to communicate	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	Uses language to initiate and sustain social interaction
Older Preschool	Use complex sentences	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	3. Uses conversational rules when communicating with others
	Describe activities, experiences, and stories with expanded detail	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	2.2 Describes objects, people, and events as part of social exchange
		Social-Communication	C. Communicative Expression	3.1 Uses irregular past tense of common verbs
	Change word tense to indicate time	Social-Communication	C. Communicative Expression	3.2 Uses regular past tense of common verbs
Kindorgarton	K.SL.2.4: Ask questions to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.	Social-Communication	C. Communicative Expression	4.1 Asks wh- questions
Kindergarten Standard	K.RV.1: Use words, phrases, and strategies acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to literature and nonfiction texts to build and apply vocabulary.	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	Provides and seeks information while conversing using words, phrases, or sentences



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items		
ELA1.3: Demonstrate ability to engage in conversations						
Infant	Jointly attend to an object, event, or person	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	1. Follows gaze to establish joint attention		
Young Toddler	Demonstrate intent of communicating with others	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4. Uses intentional gestures, vocalizations, and objects to communicate		
Older Toddler	Take turns in a conversation	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	3.4 Alternates between speaker and listener roles during conversations with others		
Older Toddier	Respond to a request for clarification	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	3.5 Responds to contingent questions from others		
	Answer questions posed by adults or peers	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	4.1 Answers who, what, and where questions		
Younger Preschool	Ask questions for understanding and clarity	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	2.1 Asks questions to obtain information		
Tounger Trescrioor	Make on topic comments	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	3.3 Responds to topic initiations from others		
	Stay on topic in two-way conversation with others	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	Uses language to initiate and sustain social interaction		
	Answer questions posed by adults or peers	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	4. Responds to comprehension questions related to why, how, and when		
	Answer questions posed by addits or peers	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	4.1 Answers who, what, and where questions		
Older Preschool	Ask questions for understanding and clarity	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	2.1 Asks questions to obtain information		
Older Trescribor	Make on topic comments	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	3.3 Responds to topic initiations from others		
	Stay on topic in two-way conversation that involves multiple turns	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	3. Uses conversational rules when communicating with others		
	Communicate actively in group activities	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	2. Provides and seeks information while conversing using words, phrases, or sentences		
	K.SL.1: Listen actively and communicate effectively with a variety of audiences and for different purposes.	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	3.4 Alternates between speaker and listener roles during conversations with others		
Kindergarten	K.SL.2.1: Participate in collaborative conversations about grade-appropriate topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	Provides and seeks information while conversing using words, phrases, or sentences		
Standard	K.SL.3.2: Ask appropriate questions about what a speaker says.	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	2.1 Asks questions to obtain information		
	K.SL.2.5: Continue a conversation through multiple exchanges.	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	Uses conversational rules when communicating with others		
	K.SL.2.3: Listen to others, take turns speaking, and add one's own ideas to small group discussions or tasks.	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	Uses language to initiate and sustain social interaction		



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items		
	English/Language Arts Foundation 2: Early Reading					
ELA2.1: Demons	strate awareness of the alphabet					
Young Toddler	Distinguish words from pictures	Literacy	D. Vocabulary and Story Comprehension	1.2 Locates familiar objects, people, events, and actions in picture books		
Older Toddler	Recognize and identify some frequently occurring letters in context	Literacy	C. Alphabet Knowledge	1.5 Recognizes three letters in own first name		
Older Toddier	Recognize symbols have meaning	Literacy	A. Awareness of Print Concepts	3.2 Recognizes common signs and logos		
Younger Preschool	Recognize and identify some uppercase and a few lowercase letters	Literacy	C. Alphabet Knowledge	1.3 Recognizes five frequently occurring letters not in first name		
Older Preschool	Recognize and identify most uppercase and some lowercase letters	Literacy	C. Alphabet Knowledge	1.2 Names 12 frequently occurring letters		
Older Preschool	Recognize own name in print	Literacy	A. Awareness of Print Concepts	3.1 Recognizes own first name in print		
Kindergarten Standard	K.RF.2.4: Identify and name all uppercase (capital) and lowercase letters of the alphabet.	Literacy	C. Alphabet Knowledge	Names all uppercase and lowercase letters of alphabet		



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
ELA2.2: Demons	trate phonological awareness			
Infant	Orient to sounds in the environment	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1. Orients to events or stimulation
nfant	Discriminate sounds in the environment	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1.1 Reacts to events or stimulation
	Begin to engage in word and sound play with adults	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	3. Engages in vocal exchanges
Young Toddler	Distinguish between words that contain similar-sounding phonemes (pig-jig, catmat)	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	1.2 Participates in repetitive verbal play
	Begin to engage in word and sound play with adults	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	1.2 Participates in repetitive verbal play
Older Toddler	Distinguish between words that contain similar-sounding phonemes (pig-jig, catmat)	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	1.2 Participates in repetitive verbal play
	Demonstrate basic knowledge of letter-sound correspondence	Literacy	C. Alphabet Knowledge	2.4 Produces correct sounds for six letters of alphabet
	Engage in rhyming games and songs; can complete a familiar rhyme	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	1.2 Participates in repetitive verbal play
	Identify rhyming words in spoken language	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	1.1 Identifies rhyming words
Younger Preschool	Orally blend and segment familiar compound words, with modeling and support	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	2. Segments compound words into component words
		Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	2.1 Blends two simple words into compound words
	Demonstrate awareness of sounds as separate units	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	4.4 Identifies beginning sounds in CVC words
	Demonstrate basic knowledge of letter-sound correspondence	Literacy	C. Alphabet Knowledge	2.4 Produces correct sounds for six letters of alphabet
	Engage in rhyming games and songs; can complete a familiar rhyme	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	1.2 Participates in repetitive verbal play
	Make rhymes to simple words	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	1. Produces rhyming words given oral prompt
Older Preschool		Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	3. Segments syllables of two- and three-syllable words
	Identify, blend, and segment syllables in spoken words with modeling and support	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	3.1 Blends syllables into two- and three-syllable words
		Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	3.2 Claps for each syllable in two- and three-syllable words
	Isolate the initial sound in some words	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	4.4 Identifies beginning sounds in CVC words
	K.RF.3.1: Identify and produce rhyming words.	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	1. Produces rhyming words given oral prompt
	K.RF.3.2: Orally pronounce, blend, and segment words into syllables.	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	3. Segments syllables of two- and three-syllable words
	K.M. 3.2. Orally profitance, bleffu, and segment words into synables.	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	3.1 Blends syllables into two- and three-syllable words
Kindergarten Standard	K.RF.3.3: Orally blend the onset (the initial sound) and the rime (the vowel and ending sound) in words.	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	4.1 Blends separate CVC sounds into simple words
	K.RF.4.5: Identify similarities and differences in words (e.g., word endings, onset and rime) when spoken or written.	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	4. Segments CVC words into individual sounds
		Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	2. Reads simple CVC and sight word text



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
ELA2.3: Demon	strate awareness and understanding of concepts of print			
	Look at books	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2.1 Uses sensory means to explore people, animals, and objects
Infant	Respond to songs	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1.1 Reacts to events or stimulation
	Listen to repetition of familiar words, songs, signs, rhymes, and stories	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1. Orients to events or stimulation
	Bring a book to adult to read	Literacy	A. Awareness of Print Concepts	1.1 Participates in shared one-on-one reading
Young Toddler	Look at a book independently	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	3.3 Entertains self by playing with toys
Tourig Toudier	Pretend to read familiar books	Literacy	D. Vocabulary and Story Comprehension	2.3 Tells story associated with series of pictures
	Attend to pictures and text for several minutes	Literacy	A. Awareness of Print Concepts	1.1 Participates in shared one-on-one reading
	Recognize familiar books by cover	Literacy	D. Vocabulary and Story Comprehension	Demonstrates understanding that pictures represent text
Older Toddler	Recite parts of well-known stories, rhymes, and songs	Literacy	D. Vocabulary and Story Comprehension	2. Retells simple story
	Hold books with two hands and turns pages	Literacy	A. Awareness of Print Concepts	2.1 Turns pages of book from beginning toward end
	Begin to understand that books are comprised of written words	Literacy	D. Vocabulary and Story Comprehension	Demonstrates understanding that pictures represent text
Younger Preschool	Respond to and interact with read alouds of literary and informational text	Literacy	A. Awareness of Print Concepts	1. Participates in shared group reading
	Hold books right side up and turn pages left to right	Literacy	A. Awareness of Print Concepts	2.1 Turns pages of book from beginning toward end
	Know features of books such as title, author, and illustrator	Literacy	D. Vocabulary and Story Comprehension	3.2 Demonstrates understanding of title, author, and illustrator
Older Preschool	Understand that print carries meaning	Literacy	E. Writing	"Reads" back own dictation to label or caption picture
	Track words in a book from left to right, top to bottom, and page to page with adult support	Literacy	A. Awareness of Print Concepts	Demonstrates understanding that text is read in one direction and from top to bottom of page
	K.RF.2.2: Recognize that written words are made up of sequences of letters.	Literacy	A. Awareness of Print Concepts	3. Recognizes print words for common or familiar people, objects, or pictures
Kindergarten Standard	K.RF.5: Read emergent reader texts, maintaining an appropriate pace and using self-correcting strategies while reading.	Literacy	C. Alphabet Knowledge	2. Reads simple CVC and sight word text
	K.RF.2.1: Demonstrate understanding that print moves from left to right across the page and from top to bottom.	Literacy	E. Writing	3.4 Writes using "scribble writing"



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
ELA2.4: Demons	trate comprehension			
Infant	Demonstrate interest in hearing a familiar story or book	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1. Orients to events or stimulation
nfant	Attend to caregiver's voice while being held and/or read to	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1.1 Reacts to events or stimulation
	Show preference for familiar stories	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4.2 Makes choices to express preferences
Young Toddler	With adult support, respond to simple questions about a story	Literacy	D. Vocabulary and Story Comprehension	2.2 Answers and asks questions related to story
	Show preference for familiar stories and report phrases of the story	Literacy	D. Vocabulary and Story Comprehension	3.1 Demonstrates understanding of key vocabulary in picture books
Older Toddler	Answer simple questions about a story	Literacy	D. Vocabulary and Story Comprehension	2.2 Answers and asks questions related to story
	Tell a story from pictures in the book	Literacy	D. Vocabulary and Story Comprehension	2.3 Tells story associated with series of pictures
	Respond and interact with stories (fictional and nonfictional)	Literacy	A. Awareness of Print Concepts	1. Participates in shared group reading
Younger Preschool	Answer questions about a story	Literacy	D. Vocabulary and Story Comprehension	2.2 Answers and asks questions related to story
	With adult support, retell familiar stories	Literacy	D. Vocabulary and Story Comprehension	2. Retells simple story
	Respond and interact with stories (fictional and nonfictional)	Literacy	A. Awareness of Print Concepts	1. Participates in shared group reading
Older Preschool	Answer questions about a story	Literacy	D. Vocabulary and Story Comprehension	2.2 Answers and asks questions related to story
	Retell familiar stories	Literacy	D. Vocabulary and Story Comprehension	2. Retells simple story
	K.RL.1: Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding.	Literacy	A. Awareness of Print Concepts	1. Participates in shared group reading
Kindergarten Standard	K.RL.2.1: With support, ask and answer questions about main topics, and key details in a text heard or read.	Literacy	D. Vocabulary and Story Comprehension	2.2 Answers and asks questions related to story
	K.RL.2.2: With support retell familiar stories, poems, and nursery rhymes, including key details.	Literacy	D. Vocabulary and Story Comprehension	2. Retells simple story



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	English/Language Ar	ts Foundation 3: E	arly Writing	
ELA3.1: Demons	strate mechanics of writing			
Infant	Use objects such as a crayon to make marks	Fine Motor	C. Mechanics of Writing	1.4 Scribbles
Young Toddler	Explore drawing, painting, and writing as a way of communicating	Literacy	E. Writing	1.3 Verbally labels nonrepresentational drawings
roung roddier	Imitate drawing marks or scribbling	Literacy	E. Writing	3.4 Writes using "scribble writing"
	Explore drawing, painting, and writing as a way of communicating	Literacy	E. Writing	1.3 Verbally labels nonrepresentational drawings
	Make scribbles or shapes to convey meaning	Literacy	E. Writing	3.4 Writes using "scribble writing"
Older Toddler	Imitate simple lines and shapes	Fine Motor	C. Mechanics of Writing	1.3 Writes or draws using straight lines
	Experiment with a variety of writing tools, materials, and surfaces	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	1.1 Interacts appropriately with materials during sma group activities
	Recognize that drawings, paintings, and writings are meaningful representations	Writing	E. Writing	1.2 Verbally labels representational drawings
Younger Preschool	Copy simple lines and shapes	Writing	C. Mechanics of Writing	1.1 Writes or draws using mixed strokes
Touriger Prescribor	Create a simple picture	Literacy	E. Writing	2.1 Makes representational drawings
	Use writing tools with adult support	Fine Motor	C. Mechanics of Writing	1. Holds writing tool using three-finger grasp to write or draw
	Create letter like shapes, symbols, letters, and words with modeling and support	Literacy	E. Writing	3.4 Writes using "scribble writing"
Older Preschool	Copy more complex lines, shapes, and some letters	Fine Motor	C. Mechanics of Writing	1.1 Writes or draws using mixed strokes
	Use writing tools	Fine Motor	C. Mechanics of Writing	Holds writing tool using three-finger grasp to write or draw
	K.W.2.1: Write most uppercase and lowercase letters of the alphabet, correctly shaping and spacing the letters of the words.	Literacy	E. Writing	3. Writes words using conventional spelling
Kindergarten	K.W.2.2: Write by moving from left to right and top to bottom.	Literacy	E. Writing	3.4 Writes using "scribble writing"
Standard	K.W.3.3: Use words and pictures to narrate a single event or simple story, arranging ideas in order.	Literacy	E. Writing	1.1 Dictates description of drawing
	K.W.4: With support, apply the writing process to revise writing by adding simple details; review (edit) writing for format and conventions.	Literacy	E. Writing	2. Writes and draws for a variety of purposes



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items		
ELA3.2: Demonstrate ability to communicate a story						
Infant	See expressive communication skills					
Young Toddler	See expressive communication skills					
Older Toddler	Draw pictures and scribble to generate and express ideas	Literacy	E. Writing	1.3 Verbally labels nonrepresentational drawings		
Older Toddier	Dictate a story for an adult to write	Literacy	E. Writing	1.3 Verbally labels nonrepresentational drawings		
	Create writing with the intent of communicating	Literacy	E. Writing	2. Writes and draws for a variety of purposes		
Younger Preschool	Dictate a story for an adult to write	Literacy	E. Writing	1.1 Dictates description of drawing		
	Use pictures, letters, and symbols to communicate a story	Literacy	E. Writing	2.1 Makes representational drawings		
	Create writing with the intent of communicating	Literacy	E. Writing	3.1 Writes using developmental spelling		
Older Preschool	Dictate a story that demonstrates simple details and narrative structure	Literacy	E. Writing	1.1 Dictates description of drawing		
Older Freschool	Use letters, symbols, and words to share an idea with someone	Literacy	E. Writing	2. Writes and draws for a variety of purposes		
	Use writing to label drawings	Literacy	E. Writing	2. Writes and draws for a variety of purposes		
	K.W.1: Write for specific purposes and audiences.	Literacy	E. Writing	2. Writes and draws for a variety of purposes		
Kindergarten Standard	K.W.3.3: Use words and pictures to narrate a single event or simple story, arranging ideas in order.	Literacy	D. Vocabulary and Story Comprehension	2.3 Tells story associated with series of pictures		
Standard	K.W.4: With support, apply the writing process to revise writing by adding simple details; review (edit) writing for format and conventions.	Literacy	E. Writing	2. Writes and draws for a variety of purposes		



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	Mathema	tics Foundation	าร	
	Mathematics Fo	oundation 1: Nun	neracy	
И1.1: Demonst	rate strong sense of counting			
ıfant	Repeat a movement like a clap	Cognitive	B. Imitation and Memory	1.2 Imitates familiar simple motor action
ung Toddlor	Imitate verbal counting sequence not necessarily in order	Math	A. Counting	1.2 Recites numbers 1–3
oung Toddler	Line up or organize objects	Fine Motor	B. Functional Skill Use	3.2 Aligns objects
	Count the number sequence 1-5	Math	A. Counting	2.2 Recites numbers 1–10
lder Toddler	Begin to apply verbal counting sequence to objects in order to develop one-to-one correspondence	Math	A. Counting	1.1 Counts 3 items to determine "How many?"
	Count the number sequence 1-15	Math	A. Counting	3.2 Recites numbers 1–20
	Count backward from 5 with adult support	Math	D. Addition and Subtraction	2.2 Says number before 2–10
	Recognize that the count remains the same regardless of the order or arrangement of the objects	Math	A. Counting	1.1 Counts 3 items to determine "How many?"
ounger Preschool	Apply one-to-one correspondence with objects and people	Math	A. Counting	1.1 Counts 3 items to determine "How many?"
	Draw pictures, symbols, or use manipulatives to represent a spoken number 0-5	Math	C. Reading and Writing Numbers	1.1 Demonstrates understanding of mathematic meaning of written numerals 1–5
	Identify, without counting, small quantities of items (1-3) presented in an irregular or unfamiliar pattern (subitize)	Math	A. Counting	1.1 Counts 3 items to determine "How many?"
	"Draw pictures, symbols, or use manipulatives to represent a spoken number 0-5"	Math	C. Reading and Writing Numbers	1.1 Demonstrates understanding of mathematics meaning of written numerals 1–5
	Count backward from 10	Math	D. Addition and Subtraction	2.2 Says number before 2–10
	Recognize the last number name said tells the number of objects counted	Math	A. Counting	2.1 Counts 10 items to determine "How many?"
lder Preschool	Draw pictures, symbols, or use manipulatives to represent spoken number 0-10	Math	C. Reading and Writing Numbers	1.1 Demonstrates understanding of mathematic meaning of written numerals 1–5
	braw pictures, symbols, or use manipulatives to represent spoken number 0-10	Math	C. Reading and Writing Numbers	2.1 Demonstrates understanding of mathematic meaning of written numerals 6–10
	Identify, without counting, small quantities of items (1-4) presented in an irregular or unfamiliar pattern (subitize)	Math	A. Counting	2.1 Counts 10 items to determine "How many?"
	K. NS.1: Count to at least 100 by ones and tens and count one by one from any	Math	A. Counting	4. Skip counts by tens to 100
	number.	Math	A. Counting	4.1 Recites numbers 31–100
		Math	A. Counting	4.2 Recites numbers 1–30
Standard	K.NS.4: Say the number names in standard order when counting objects, pairing each object with one and only one number name and each number name with one and only one object. Understand that the last number name said describes the number of objects counted and that the number of objects is the same regardless of their arrangement or the order in which they were counted.	Math	A. Counting	3.1 Counts 20 items to determine "How many?"
	K.NS.6: Recognize sets of 1 to 10 objects in a pattern arrangement and tell how many without counting.	Math	A. Counting	2.1 Counts 10 items to determine "How many?"



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items		
M1.2: Demonstrate understanding of written numerals						
Young Toddler	Identify numerals as different from letters or other symbols.	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	2. Recognizes symbols		
Older Toddler	Begin to recognize that number symbols indicate quantity	Math	C. Reading and Writing Numbers	1.2 Labels numerals 1–5		
Older Toddler	Begin to recognize different number symbols indicate different quantities	Math	C. Reading and Writing Numbers	1.1 Demonstrates understanding of mathematical meaning of written numerals 1–5		
Younger Preschool	Match number symbols with amounts 1-3	Math	C. Reading and Writing Numbers	1.1 Demonstrates understanding of mathematical meaning of written numerals 1–5		
	Makah mumban numbala wikh amawaka 1 10	Math	C. Reading and Writing Numbers	1.1 Demonstrates understanding of mathematical meaning of written numerals 1–5		
	latch number symbols with amounts 1-10	Math	C. Reading and Writing Numbers	2.1 Demonstrates understanding of mathematical meaning of written numerals 6–10		
Older Preschool	Name written numerals from 0-10	Math	C. Reading and Writing Numbers	1.2 Labels numerals 1–5		
Older Preschool		Math	C. Reading and Writing Numbers	2.2 Labels numerals 6–10		
		Math	C. Reading and Writing Numbers	1. Reads and writes numerals for quantities to 5		
	Write numerals 1-10	Math	C. Reading and Writing Numbers	2. Reads and writes numerals for quantities 6–10		
	V NC 2. Find the according that is an according to the control of	Math	A. Counting	3.2 Recites numbers 1–20		
	K.NS.3: Find the number that is one more than or one less than any whole number up to 20.	Math	D. Addition and Subtraction	1.4 Says number after 1–10		
	up to 20.	Math	D. Addition and Subtraction	2.2 Says number before 2–10		
Kindergarten Standard	WNG 2 Weite whele south as from 0 to 20 and a security world	Math	C. Reading and Writing Numbers	1. Reads and writes numerals for quantities to 5		
Standard	K.NS.2: Write whole numbers from 0 to 20 and recognize number words from 0 to 10. Represent a number of objects with a written numeral 0-20 (with 0 representing a count of no objects).	Math	C. Reading and Writing Numbers	2. Reads and writes numerals for quantities 6–10		
	representing a count of no objects).	Math	C. Reading and Writing Numbers	3. Reads and writes numerals for quantities 11–20		



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items			
M1.3: Recogniti	M1.3: Recognition of number relations						
Infant	Explore objects one at a time	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2.1 Uses sensory means to explore people, animals, and objects			
	Indicate a desire for more	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4.1 Makes requests of others			
	Give more when asked	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	2.2 Responds to single-word directive			
	Identify which is more	Math	B. Quantitative Relations	1.3 Uses quantity comparison words			
	Begin to develop the concepts of more and less	Math	B. Quantitative Relations	1.3 Uses quantity comparison words			
Young Toddler	Give all objects when asked	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	3.3 Follows one-step direction with contextual cues			
	Separate a whole quantity of something into parts	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2. Combines simple actions to examine people, animals, and objects			
	Visually identify sets of quantities of large differences (using terms more and/or fewer)	Math	B. Quantitative Relations	1.3 Uses quantity comparison words			
	Begin to identify first and last	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4.1 Identifies common concepts			
Older Toddler	Give some when asked	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	3.3 Follows one-step direction with contextual cues			
Older Toddiel	Give the rest when asked	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	3.3 Follows one-step direction with contextual cues			
	Communicate that something is split in half	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4.2 Identifies concrete concepts			
	Understand the basic concept of none	Social-Communication	C. Communicative Expression	1. Produces multiple-word sentences to communicate			
	Readily identify first and last	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4.1 Identifies common concepts			
Younger Preschool	Correctly use the words for comparing quantities	Math	B. Quantitative Relations	1.3 Uses quantity comparison words			
Touriger Freschool	Separate sets of 6 or fewer objects into equal groups	Math	B. Quantitative Relations	1.2 Creates equivalent sets of 5 items			
	Demonstrate the understanding of the concept of after	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4.1 Identifies common concepts			
	Identify when 2 sets are equal using matching and counting strategies	Math	B. Quantitative Relations	1. Compares items in sets to 5 by counting			
	dentity when 2 sets are equal using materning and counting strategies	Math	B. Quantitative Relations	1.1 Compares items in sets to 5 by matching			
	Correctly use the words for position	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4.1 Identifies common concepts			
Older Preschool	Compare the values of two numbers from 1 to 10 presented as written numerals	Math	C. Reading and Writing Numbers	1.1 Demonstrates understanding of mathematical meaning of written numerals 1–5			
	compare the values of two numbers from 1 to 10 presented as written numerals	Math	C. Reading and Writing Numbers	2.1 Demonstrates understanding of mathematical meaning of written numerals 6–10			
	Demonstrate the understanding of the concept of before	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4. Uses early conceptual comparisons			



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	K.NS.10: Separate sets of ten or fewer objects into equal groups.	Math	B. Quantitative Relations	2. Compares items in sets of 6 to 10 by counting
	K.NS.7: Identify whether the number of objects in one group is greater than, less	Math	B. Quantitative Relations	3. Compares items in sets of 11 to 20 by counting
	than, or equal to the number of objects in another group (e.g., by using matching and counting strategies).	Math	B. Quantitative Relations	3.1 Compares items in sets of 11 to 20 by matching
Kindergarten	K.NS.9: Use correctly the words for comparison including: one and many; none, some and all; more and less; most and least; and equal to, more than and less than.	Math	B. Quantitative Relations	1.3 Uses quantity comparison words
Standard	K.NS.8: Compare the values of two numbers from 1 to 20 presented as written numerals.	Math	C. Reading and Writing Numbers	1.1 Demonstrates understanding of mathematical meaning of written numerals 1–5
		Math	C. Reading and Writing Numbers	2.1 Demonstrates understanding of mathematical meaning of written numerals 6–10
		Math	(Reading and Writing Numbers	3.1 Demonstrates understanding of mathematical meaning of written numerals 11–20



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	Mathematics Foundation 2	: Computation and	l Algebraic Thinking	
M2.1: Exhibit ur	nderstanding of mathematic structure			
Young Toddler	Take away objects or combine groups when asked	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	Coordinates actions with objects to achieve new outcomes
Tourig Toutilei	Attend to a new object in a group of objects	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2.1 Uses sensory means to explore people, animals, and objects
Olden Teddlen	Describe that something was taken away	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	1. Maintains search for object not in its usual location
Older Toddler	Identify that an object has been added to a group	Math	B. Quantitative Relations	1.1 Compares items in sets to 5 by matching
	Begin to make reasonable estimates related to quantity	Math	B. Quantitative Relations	1.3 Uses quantity comparison words
Younger Preschool	Begin to understand that numbers can be composed and decomposed to create new numbers	Math	D. Addition and Subtraction	1.5 Demonstrates understanding of concept of addition
Younger Preschool		Math	D. Addition and Subtraction	2.3 Demonstrates understanding of concept of subtraction
Older Preschool	Use understanding that numbers can be composed and decomposed to create	Math	D. Addition and Subtraction	1.3 Solves picture or object problems using count all strategy
Older Prescribor	new numbers in solving problems with quantities under five	Math	D. Addition and Subtraction	2.1 Solves picture or object subtraction problems with set of 10 or less
Kindergarten	K.CA.3: Use objects, drawings, etc., to decompose numbers less than or equal to 10 into pairs in more than one way, and record each decomposition with a drawing or an equation (e.g., 5=2 +3 and 5=4 +1). [In Kindergarten, students	Math	D. Addition and Subtraction	1.5 Demonstrates understanding of concept of addition
Standard	should see equations and be encouraged to trace them, however, writing equations is not required.]	Math	D. Addition and Subtraction	2.3 Demonstrates understanding of concept of subtraction



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items		
M2.2: Demonstrate awareness of patterning						
Infant	Show interest in visual, auditory, and tactile patterns	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2.1 Uses sensory means to explore people, animals, and objects		
mune	Recognize daily routines	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3.2 Follows familiar social routines with familiar adults		
Young Toddler	Follow along and imitate patterns of sounds and movement	Cognitive	B. Imitation and Memory	1.2 Imitates familiar simple motor action		
Tourig Toudlei	Clap or move to a beat	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	1.2 Participates in repetitive verbal play		
	Recognize natural patterns in the environment	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.2 Demonstrates knowledge about natural happenings		
Older Toddler	Verbally or non-verbally predict what comes next when shown a simple ABAB pattern of concrete objects	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.3 Discriminates between objects or people using common attributes		
	Show greater recognition of daily routines	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3.1 Initiates next step of familiar social routine		
Younger Preschool	Physically extend simple ABAB patterns of concrete objects to other concrete objects	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.3 Discriminates between objects or people using common attributes		
	Understand sequence of events when clearly explained	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4. Uses early conceptual comparisons		
Older Preschool	Begin to create and extend a new simple pattern	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4. Uses early conceptual comparisons		
Older Freschool	Understand sequence of events when clearly explained	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4. Uses early conceptual comparisons		
Kindergarten Standard	K.CA.5: Create, extend, and give an appropriate rule for simple repeating and growing patterns and shapes.	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4. Uses early conceptual comparisons		



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	Mathematics Fo	oundation 3: Data A	Analysis	
M3.1: Demonst	rate understanding of classifying			
oung Toddler	Identify attributes of objects with adult support	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4.2 Identifies concrete concepts
Older Toddler	Identify similarities and differences in objects	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.3 Discriminates between objects or people using common attributes
ounger Preschool	Sort, classify, and compare objects	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.2 Classifies according to physical attribute
	Explain simple sorting or classifying strategies	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4. Uses early conceptual comparisons
Older Preschool	Sort a group of objects in multiple ways	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3. Classifies using multiple attributes
	Create and describe simple graphs	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	3. Solves problems using multiple strategies
(indergarten itandard	K.DA.1: Identify, sort and classify objects by size, number, and other attributes. Identify objects that do not belong to a particular group and explain the reasoning used.	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3. Classifies using multiple attributes
M4.1: Understa	Mathematics I nding of spatial relationships	Foundation 4: Geo	metry	
	Explore how things fit and move	Fine Motor	B. Functional Skill Use	3.3 Fits variety of shapes into corresponding space
nfant	Put object in, out, on, and off of other things	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2. Combines simple actions to examine people, animals, and objects
oung Toddlor	Begin to combine shapes to make new shapes	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	2.4 Taine different simula estimate estimate
oung Toddler				2.1 Tries different simple actions to achieve goal
	Hide behind or between objects for play	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1.2 Uses senses to explore
Older Toddler	Complete basic shape interlocking puzzle with most pieces accurately in place with some assistance	Cognitive Fine Motor	E. Scientific Discovery B. Functional Skill Use	·
	Complete basic shape interlocking puzzle with most pieces accurately in place	<u> </u>	,	1.2 Uses senses to explore
	Complete basic shape interlocking puzzle with most pieces accurately in place with some assistance	Fine Motor	B. Functional Skill Use	1.2 Uses senses to explore 3.3 Fits variety of shapes into corresponding space
ounger Preschool	Complete basic shape interlocking puzzle with most pieces accurately in place with some assistance Complete lined tangram or pattern block puzzles using basic shapes	Fine Motor	B. Functional Skill Use B. Functional Skill Use	1.2 Uses senses to explore 3.3 Fits variety of shapes into corresponding span 3.1 Assembles toy
Older Toddler Tounger Preschool Older Preschool	Complete basic shape interlocking puzzle with most pieces accurately in place with some assistance Complete lined tangram or pattern block puzzles using basic shapes Use position terms such as in, on, and under	Fine Motor Fine Motor Cognitive	B. Functional Skill Use B. Functional Skill Use C. Conceptual Knowledge	1.2 Uses senses to explore 3.3 Fits variety of shapes into corresponding space 3.1 Assembles toy 4. Uses early conceptual comparisons



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items		
M4.2: Exhibit ability to identify, describe, analyze, compare, and create shapes						
Young Toddler	Match identical simple shapes	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.2 Classifies according to physical attribute		
Older Toddler	Match similar shapes that are different sizes, and different orientation with a variety of two-dimensional shapes	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.2 Classifies according to physical attribute		
	Match similar shapes when given a variety of three dimensional shapes	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.2 Classifies according to physical attribute		
	Start to identify the attributes of shapes	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4.2 Identifies concrete concepts		
Younger Preschool	Use names of two-dimensional shapes (e.g., square; triangle; circle) when identifying objects	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4.2 Identifies concrete concepts		
	Use informal language to describe three-dimensional shapes (e.g., "box" for cube; "ball" for sphere; "can" for cylinder)	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4.2 Identifies concrete concepts		
Older Preschool	Use the attributes of shapes to distinguish between shapes	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.3 Discriminates between objects or people using common attributes		
	Differentiate two- and three-dimensional shapes (e.g., squares from cubes)	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.2 Classifies according to physical attribute		
Kindergarten Standard	K.G.2: Compare two- and three-dimensional shapes in different sizes and orientations, using informal language to describe their similarities, differences, parts (e.g., number sides and vertices/"corners") and other attributes (e.g., having sides of equal length).	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3. Classifies using multiple attributes		
	K.G.4: Compose simple geometric shapes to form larger shapes (e.g. create a rectangle composed of two triangles).	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	3. Solves problems using multiple strategies		



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items		
Mathematics Foundation 5: Measurement						
M5.1: Understa	nd concept of time					
Infant	Cooperate with a routine	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3.2 Follows familiar social routines with familiar adult		
Young Toddler	Follow a daily schedule	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3. Participates in familiar social routines with caregivers		
Older Toddler	Follow steps in a simple routine	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3. Participates in familiar social routines with caregivers		
	Understand time limit cue	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	3.1 Responds to request to finish activity		
Younger Preschool	Understand transition from one activity to the next	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	3.2 Responds to request to begin activity		
	Tell what activity comes before and after	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4.1 Identifies common concepts		
Older Preschool	Know daily concepts of earlier and later, morning and afternoon	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4.1 Identifies common concepts		
Kindergarten Standard	K.M.2: Understand concepts of time, including: morning, afternoon, evening, today, yesterday, tomorrow, day, week, month, and year. Understand that clocks and calendars are tools that measure time.	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4. Uses early conceptual comparisons		
M5.2: Understa	nd measurement through description and comparison					
Infant	Explore objects with different shapes and sizes	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2.1 Uses sensory means to explore people, animals, and objects		
	Begin to understand that different size containers hold more or less	Fine Motor	A. Reach, Grasp, and Release	3.1 Releases object into targeted space		
Young Toddler	Use any basic measurement word or gesture to express measureable attributes, such as big/little, hot/cold	Math	B. Quantitative Relations	1.3 Uses quantity comparison words		
Older Toddler	Sort objects into two categories based on attributes	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.2 Classifies according to physical attribute		
Older Toddier	Explore measurement using non-standard tools	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1.1 Uses simple tools to gather information		
	Directly compare and describe two objects with a measurable attribute	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.2 Classifies according to physical attribute		
Younger Preschool	Measure length and volume (capacity) using non-standard measurement tools	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1.1 Uses simple tools to gather information		
Older Preschool	Directly compare and describe two or more objects with a measurable attribute	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.2 Classifies according to physical attribute		
	Measure length and volume (capacity) using a standard measurement tool	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1.1 Uses simple tools to gather information		
Kindergarten Standard	K.M.1: Make direct comparisons of the length, capacity, weight, and temperature of objects, and recognize which object is shorter, longer, taller, lighter, heavier, warmer, cooler, or holds more.	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.2 Classifies according to physical attribute		



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items				
ngo mango		otional Foundatio						
	Social Emotional Foundation 1: Sense of Self							
SE1.1: Demonst	rate self awareness and confidence							
	Respond to own name	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	2.1 Recognizes own and familiar names				
Infant	Show interest in environmental choices	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2.1 Uses sensory means to explore people, animals, and objects				
	Communicate to indicate physical and emotional needs	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4. Uses intentional gestures, vocalizations, and object to communicate				
	Identify image of self	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	2. Locates common objects, people, or events				
Young Toddler	Say own name	Social-Emotional	E. Meeting Social Expectations	4.3 Provides given name or nickname of self and others				
	Show knowledge of own abilities	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	3.2 Shares accomplishment with familiar caregiver				
	Use gestures and actions to reference self in conversation	Social-Communication	C. Communicative Expression	1.2 Uses 50 single words, signs, or symbols				
	Demonstrate use of personal pronouns	Social-Communication	C. Communicative Expression	1.2 Uses 50 single words, signs, or symbols				
Older Toddler	Show sense of self satisfaction with own abilities and preferences	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	3.2 Shares accomplishment with familiar caregiver				
	Begin to show independence by occasionally resisting adult control	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4.4 Expresses negation or protests				
	Recognize self as a unique individual	Social-Emotional	E. Meeting Social Expectations	4.3 Provides given name or nickname of self and others				
Younger Preschool	Describe personal characteristics	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	2.2 Describes objects, people, and events as part of social exchange				
	Show sense of self satisfaction with own abilities, preferences, and accomplishments	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	Makes positive statements about self or accomplishments				
	Identify self as a unique member of a group that fits into a larger world picture	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	3.2 Shares accomplishment with familiar caregiver				
Older Preschool	Show confidence in a range of abilities and the capacity to take on and accomplish new tasks	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	Makes positive statements about self or accomplishments				
	Show independence in own choices	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	3. Initiates and completes independent activities				



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
SE1.2: Demonst	rate identification and expression of emotions			
	Communicate to express pleasure or displeasure	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	3.1 Vocalizes to another person expressing positive affective state
		Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	3.2 Vocalizes to another person expressing negative affective state
Infant	Use cues to signal overstimulation	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4.4 Expresses negation or protests
	Respond positively to adults who provide comfort	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	1.2 Responds to familiar adult's positive social behavior
	Use sounds and body to express feelings	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4. Uses intentional gestures, vocalizations, and objects to communicate
	Communicate feelings and emotions	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4. Uses intentional gestures, vocalizations, and objects to communicate
Young Toddler	Express emotion toward a familiar person	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	2.2 Seeks comfort, closeness, or physical contact from familiar adult
	Imitate comforting behaviors of caregivers	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	2.1 Enacts roles or identities in imaginary play
	Use sounds, gestures, and actions to express feelings	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4. Uses intentional gestures, vocalizations, and objects to communicate
	Express both positive and negative feelings about participating in activities	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4. Uses intentional gestures, vocalizations, and objects to communicate
Older Toddler	Observe a peer's emotion and approach a familiar adult to communicate concern	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	2.2 Seeks comfort, closeness, or physical contact from familiar adult
Older Toddiel	Demonstrate empathy to another child	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	Responds appropriately to others' emotions
	Begin to use words to express feelings	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	1.2 Identifies/labels own emotions
	Recognize own emotions and the emotions of others	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	1.1 Identifies/labels emotions in others
Younger Preschool	necognize own emotions and the emotions of others	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	1.2 Identifies/labels own emotions
Touriger Freschool	Look to adults for emotional support and guidance	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	2.2 Seeks comfort, closeness, or physical contact from familiar adult
	Use a combination of words, phrases, and actions to express feelings	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	1.2 Identifies/labels own emotions



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
		Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	1.1 Identifies/labels emotions in others
	Identify own emotions and the emotions of others	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	1.2 Identifies/labels own emotions
Older Preschool		Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	Responds appropriately to others' emotions
Older Freschool	Express and accurately respond to emotions of self and others	Social-Emotional		Uses appropriate strategies to manage emotional states
	Predict reactions from others	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	1.1 Identifies/labels emotions in others
	Effectively use sentences and actions to express feelings	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	1.2 Identifies/labels own emotions



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	Social Emotional F	Foundation 2: Self-R	Regulation	
SE2.1: Demonst	rate self control			
	Develop an awareness of transitions, schedules, and routines with adult prompts	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3.2 Follows familiar social routines with familiar adult
Infant	Develop self-soothing when an adult provides comfort techniques	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	1.1 Quiets to familiar voice
	Express desires and feelings by using gestures and actions	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	Uses intentional gestures, vocalizations, and object to communicate
	Follow simple routines with adult support	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3.2 Follows familiar social routines with familiar adult
Young Toddler	Self-soothe with minimal adult support	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	2.3 Responds appropriately to soothing by adult
	Demonstrate the beginnings of impulse control with adult support	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	2.2 Seeks comfort, closeness, or physical contact fron familiar adult
	Follow simple routines with adult support	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3.2 Follows familiar social routines with familiar adult
Older Toddler	Self-soothe independently	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	2. Uses appropriate strategies to manage emotional states
	Regulate some impulses with adult support	Social-Emotional	E. Meeting Social Expectations	3.2 Follows established social rules in familiar environments
	Manage transitions and adapt to changes in schedules, routines, and situations with adult support	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3.1 Initiates next step of familiar social routine
Younger Preschool	Regulate own emotions and behaviors with others with adult support when needed	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	2. Uses appropriate strategies to manage emotional states
	Regulate a range of impulses with adult support	Social-Emotional	E. Meeting Social Expectations	3.2 Follows established social rules in familiar environments
	Manage transitions and adapt to changes in schedules, routines, and situations independently	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3. Participates in familiar social routines with caregivers
Older Preschool	Regulate own emotions and behaviors with others with adult support when needed	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	2. Uses appropriate strategies to manage emotional states
	Regulate a range of impulses	Social-Emotional	E. Meeting Social Expectations	2.1 Meets behavioral expectations in familiar environments



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items			
	Social Emotional Foundation 3: Conflict Resolution						
SE3.1: Demonstrate conflict resolution							
Infant	Show awareness of possible conflict by demonstrating distress	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	3.2 Vocalizes to another person expressing negative affective state			
	Engage in conflict with peers regarding possession of items	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	4.2 Claims and defends possessions			
Young Toddler	Imitate how others solve conflicts	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	4. Draws plausible conclusions about events beyond personal experience			
	Experiment with trial and error approaches to solve simple problems and conflicts	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	3. Solves problems using multiple strategies			
Older Toddler	Engage in simple conflict resolution strategies with adult support	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	4.1 Uses strategies to resolve conflicts			
Older Toddier	Begin to use language skills instead of physical force to resolve conflicts	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	4.1 Uses strategies to resolve conflicts			
Younger Preschool	Negotiate to resolve social conflicts with peers with modeling and support	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	4. Resolves conflicts using negotiation			
Touriger Prescribor	Use words during a conflict instead of physical force	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	4.1 Uses strategies to resolve conflicts			
Older Preschool	Independently initiate conflict resolution strategies with peers and seek adult support when necessary	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	4.1 Uses strategies to resolve conflicts			



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	Social Emotional Four	ndation 4: Building	Relationships	
SE4.1: Demonstr	ate relationship skills			
	Engage in simple social interactions with adults	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	2. Maintains social interaction with familiar adult
	Exhibit caution of unfamiliar adults	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	2.2 Seeks comfort, closeness, or physical contact from familiar adult
Infant	Use key adults as a secure base when exploring the environment	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	2.2 Seeks comfort, closeness, or physical contact from familiar adult
	Notice other children in their environment	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1. Orients to events or stimulation
	Engage in onlooker play	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1.1 Reacts to events or stimulation
	Begin to exhibit skills in solitary play	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2.1 Uses sensory means to explore people, animals, and objects
	Engage in social interactions with familiar adults	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	2. Maintains social interaction with familiar adult
	Show feelings of security with familiar adults	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	2.2 Seeks comfort, closeness, or physical contact from familiar adult
	Seek adult assistance with challenges, but may refuse help and may say no	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4.1 Makes requests of others
Young Toddler	Use social referencing when encountering new experiences	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	2.2 Seeks comfort, closeness, or physical contact from familiar adult
	Observe friendship skills in the environments	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	1.3 Plays near one or two peers
	Engage in solitary play	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	3.3 Entertains self by playing with toys
	Begin to exhibit skills in parallel play	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	1.3 Plays near one or two peers
	Stay connected with familiar adults	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	2. Maintains social interaction with familiar adult
	Separate from familiar adults in a familiar setting with minimal distress	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	2.2 Seeks comfort, closeness, or physical contact from familiar adult
Older Toddler	Ask for adult assistance when having difficulty in a social situation	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	4.1 Uses strategies to resolve conflicts
oraci rodare.	Imitate and model friendship skills	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	1.2 Responds appropriately to peer social behavior
	Engage in parallel play	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	1.3 Plays near one or two peers
	Begin to exhibit skills in associative play	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	1.2 Responds appropriately to peer social behavior
	Request and accept guidance from familiar adults	Social-Emotional	E. Meeting Social Expectations	2.2 Adjusts behavior based on feedback from others or environment
	Accept compromises when suggested by a peer or adult	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	4.1 Uses strategies to resolve conflicts
Younger Preschool	Gauge response based on the facial expressions of others	Social-Emotional	E. Meeting Social Expectations	2.2 Adjusts behavior based on feedback from others or environment
	Exhibit age appropriate friendship skills to engage in effective play and learning experiences	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	1. Maintains interaction with peer
	Engage in associative play	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	1.3 Plays near one or two peers
	Participate in cooperative play experiences with some adult guidance	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	3.2 Joins others in cooperative activity



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	Show affection to familiar adults and peers using more complex words and actions	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	1.2 Identifies/labels own emotions
	Accept compromises when suggested by a peer or adult	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	4.1 Uses strategies to resolve conflicts
Older Preschool	Gauge response based on the facial expressions of others	Social-Emotional	F. Meeting Social Expectations	2.2 Adjusts behavior based on feedback from others or environment
	Maintain consistent friendships	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	3.1 Initiates cooperative activity
	Engage in cooperative play experiences for sustained periods of time	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	3. Maintains cooperative activity



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items					
	Approaches to Play and Learning Foundations								
	Approaches to Play and Lea	rning Foundation 1: Ini	tiative and Exploration						
APL1.1: Demons	trate initiative and self-direction								
	Respond to a stimulating environment	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1.1 Reacts to events or stimulation					
Infant	Show curiosity/interest in surroundings	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1. Orients to events or stimulation					
mant	Show eagerness and delight in self, others, and surroundings	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2.1 Uses sensory means to explore people, animals, and objects					
	Show interest in what others are doing	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	1.3 Remains with group during small-group activities					
Young Toddler	Select desired object from several options	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4.2 Makes choices to express preferences					
	Begin to show curiosity/interest in new objects, experiences, and people	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	1.1 Interacts appropriately with materials during smal group activities					
	At times, initiate a new task	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	3.3 Entertains self by playing with toys					
Older Toddler	Verbally express a desire to complete task by self	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4. Uses intentional gestures, vocalizations, and object to communicate					
	Independently select and use materials	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	3.3 Entertains self by playing with toys					
	Initiate new tasks by self	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	3. Initiates and completes independent activities					
Younger Preschool	With support, use a variety of resources to explore materials and ideas	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	1.1 Interacts appropriately with materials during smal group activities					
	Explore and manipulate familiar objects in new and imaginative ways	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	3. Solves problems using multiple strategies					
Older Preschool	Take initiative to learn new concepts and try new experiences	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	3. Initiates and completes independent activities					
	Seek and gather new information to plan for projects and activities	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	4. Transfers knowledge					



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
APL1.2: Demons	strate interest and curiosity as a learner			
	Show budding interest in how objects work	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2.1 Uses sensory means to explore people, animals, and objects
Infant	Try a variety of approaches to get desired outcomes	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	2.1 Tries different simple actions to achieve goal
	Physically explore new ways to use objects and observe results	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2. Combines simple actions to examine people, animals, and objects
	Ask questions about familiar objects, people, and experiences	Social-Communication	C. Communicative Expression	1.3 Uses consistent approximations for words or signs
Young Toddler	Begin to show curiosity and interest in new objects, experiences, and people	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2.1 Uses sensory means to explore people, animals, and objects
	Explore and manipulate familiar objects in the environment	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2. Combines simple actions to examine people, animals, and objects
	Ask questions about novel objects, people, and experiences	Social-Communication	C. Communicative Expression	4.1 Asks wh- questions
Older Toddler	Demonstrate enthusiasm for new learning (may be within familiar contexts)	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1. Expands simple observations and explorations into further inquiry
	Use active exploration to solve a problem	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1.2 Uses senses to explore
	Demonstrate eagerness to learn about and discuss new topics, ideas, and tasks	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1. Expands simple observations and explorations into further inquiry
Younger Preschool	Communicate a desire to learn new concepts or ideas	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	2. Provides and seeks information while conversing using words, phrases, or sentences
Touriger Freschool	Exhibit willingness to try new experiences	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	3.2 Responds to request to begin activity
	Use a variety of learning approaches, such as observing, imitating, asking questions, hands-on investigation, and active exploration	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	3. Solves problems using multiple strategies
	Demonstrate eagerness to learn about and discuss new topics, ideas, and tasks	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	4. Transfers knowledge
	Communicate a desire to learn new concepts or ideas	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.1 Generates specific questions for investigation
Older Preschool	Exhibit willingness to try new experiences	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	3.2 Responds to request to begin activity
	Use a variety of learning approaches, such as observing, imitating, asking questions, hands-on investigation, and active exploration	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	3. Solves problems using multiple strategies



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	Approaches to Play and Lea	arning Foundation 2	2: Flexible Thinking	
APL2.1: Demons	trate development of flexible thinking skills during play			
Infant	Manipulate objects	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	2.2 Uses simple actions on objects
ımanı	Imitate actions	Cognitive	B. Imitation and Memory	1.2 Imitates familiar simple motor action
Young Toddler	Use objects for real or imagined purposes	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	2.2 Uses imaginary props in play
	Substitute one object for another in pretend play or pretend with objects that may or may not be present	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	2.1 Uses object to represent another object
Older Toddler	Show creativity, inventiveness, and flexibility in approach to play with adult guidance	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	1. Maintains interaction with peer
	Find a creative or inventive way of doing a familiar task or solving a problem with adult guidance	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	3. Solves problems using multiple strategies
Younger Preschool	Begin to demonstrate flexibility in approach to play and learning	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	3. Initiates and completes independent activities
	Adjust approach to task to resolve difficulties with adult support	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	3.1 Evaluates common solutions to solve problems or reach goals
	Demonstrate inventiveness, imagination, and creativity to solve a problem	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	3. Solves problems using multiple strategies
Older Preschool	Develop recovery skills from setbacks and differences in opinion in a group setting	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	2. Interacts appropriately with others during large- group activities



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	Approaches to Play and Learning	Foundation 3: Atter	ntiveness and Persistence	•
APL3.1: Demons	strate development of sustained attention and persistence			
	Examine objects for brief periods of time	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2.1 Uses sensory means to explore people, animals, and objects
Infant	Express discomfort when needs are not met	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	3.2 Vocalizes to another person expressing negative affective state
	Repeat actions to make something happen again	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	2.2 Uses simple actions on objects
	Jointly attend to books for several minutes	Literacy	A. Awareness of Print Concepts	1.1 Participates in shared one-on-one reading
Young Toddler	Engage and persist with an activity, toy, or object, but is easily distracted	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	3.3 Entertains self by playing with toys
	Engage for longer periods of time when trying to work through tasks	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	AEPS-3 CODF'!B192=
	Attend to a book for longer periods of time (jointly or independently)	Literacy	A. Awareness of Print Concepts	1.1 Participates in shared one-on-one reading
Older Toddler	Focus on an activity for short periods of time despite distractions)	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	1.2 Responds appropriately to directions during smagroup activities
	Repeat an activity many times in order to master it, even if setbacks occur	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	2. Coordinates actions with objects to achieve new outcomes
	Independently attend to a book from beginning to end	Literacy	A. Awareness of Print Concepts	2.1 Turns pages of book from beginning toward end
Younger Preschool	Demonstrate ability to delay gratification for short periods of time	Social-Emotional	E. Meeting Social Expectations	3.2 Follows established social rules in familiar environments
	See an activity through to completion	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	3. Initiates and completes independent activities
	Independently attend to a book from beginning to end	Literacy	A. Awareness of Print Concepts	2.1 Turns pages of book from beginning toward end
Older Preschool	Focus on an activity with deliberate concentration despite distractions and/or temptations	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	3. Initiates and completes independent activities
	Carry out tasks, activity, project, or transition, even when frustrated or challenged, with minimal distress	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	3. Initiates and completes independent activities
	Persist in trying to complete a task after previous attempts have failed	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	3. Solves problems using multiple strategies



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	Approaches to Play and Lear	ning Foundation 4	: Social Interactions	
APL4.1: Demons	trate development of social interactions during play			
	Engage in onlooker play	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1. Orients to events or stimulation
nfant	Begin to exhibit skills in solitary play	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2.1 Uses sensory means to explore people, animals and objects
	Show interest in children who are playing nearby	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1. Orients to events or stimulation
	Engage in solitary play	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	3.3 Entertains self by playing with toys
oung Toddler	Begin to exhibit skills in parallel play	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	1.3 Plays near one or two peers
	Show preference for certain peers over time although these preferences may shift	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	1.1 Initiates social behavior toward peer
	Engage in parallel play	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	1.3 Plays near one or two peers
Older Toddler	Begin to exhibit skills in associative play	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	1.2 Responds appropriately to peer social behavior
	Participate in play activities with a small group of children for short periods of time	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	1. Interacts appropriately with others during small-group activities
	Engage in associative play	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	1. Maintains interaction with peer
Journager Processool	Participate in cooperative play activities with some adult guidance	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	3.2 Joins others in cooperative activity
ounger Preschool	Participate in play activities with a small group of children	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	Interacts appropriately with others during small- group activities
	Interact with peers in complex pretend play, including planning, coordination of roles, and cooperation	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	Plans and acts out recognizable event, theme, or storyline in imaginary play
Older Preschool	Demonstrate cooperative behavior in interactions with others	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	3. Maintains cooperative activity
	Begin to accept and share leadership	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	3.1 Initiates cooperative activity



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	Scienc	e Foundations		
	Science Founda	ation 1: Physical Sc	ience	
SC1.1: Demonst	rate ability to explore objects in the physical world			
	Observe and experience the environment using all five senses	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1.2 Uses senses to explore
Infant	React to changes in light	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1.1 Reacts to events or stimulation
	Focus attention on sounds, movement, and objects	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1. Orients to events or stimulation
Voung Toddlor	Notice and react to cause and effect within the physical environment	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	2.2 Uses simple actions on objects
Young Toddler	Use tools to explore the physical environment	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1.1 Uses simple tools to gather information
Older Toddler	Use simple words to describe sensory experiences, objects, and how objects move	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	Expands simple observations and explorations into further inquiry
Older Toddiel	Identify and solve problems in the environment through active exploration	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	2. Coordinates actions with objects to achieve new outcomes
	Use senses to learn about concepts of weight, motion, and force	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1.2 Uses senses to explore
Younger Preschool	Ask questions about physical properties and changes in the physical world	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1. Expands simple observations and explorations into further inquiry
	Use senses to describe concepts of weight, motion, and force	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1.2 Uses senses to explore
Older Preschool	Ask questions and draw conclusions about physical properties and the physical world	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	3. Investigates to test hypotheses
Kindergarten Standard	K.1.1: Use all senses as appropriate to observe, sort and describe objects according to their composition and physical properties, such as size, color and shape. Explain these choices to others and generate questions about the objects.	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1.2 Uses senses to explore



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items			
SC1.2: Demonstrate awareness of the physical properties of objects							
	Notice cause and effect within the physical environment	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	2.2 Uses simple actions on objects			
Infant	Perform actions with objects and observe results	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2. Combines simple actions to examine people, animals, and objects			
	Begin to identify physical attributes of objects	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4.2 Identifies concrete concepts			
Young Toddler	Imitate the actions of others as they explore objects	Cognitive	B. Imitation and Memory	1. Imitates novel coordinated motor actions			
	Copy patterns and rhythms with objects	Cognitive	B. Imitation and Memory	1. Imitates novel coordinated motor actions			
Older Toddler	Describe physical properties using simple words	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.3 Makes observations			
Varrage Ducasha al	Identify materials that make up objects	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.3 Discriminates between objects or people using common attributes			
Younger Preschool	Investigate and describe observable properties of objects	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.3 Makes observations			
	Match objects by physical attributes	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.2 Classifies according to physical attribute			
	Identify materials that make up objects	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.3 Discriminates between objects or people using common attributes			
Older Preschool	Use evidence from investigations to describe observable properties of objects	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	4.1 Communicates results of investigations			
	Sort objects into categories based on physical attributes and explain reasoning	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.2 Classifies according to physical attribute			
Kindergarten Standard	K.1.2: Identify and explain possible uses for an object based on its properties and compare these uses with other students' ideas.	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	4. Transfers knowledge			



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	Science Foundation	on 2: Earth and Spac	e Science	
SC2.1: Recognize	the characteristics of Earth and sky			
	Establish activity patterns based on day and night	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1.1 Reacts to events or stimulation
Infant	Explore and react to different indoor and outdoor surfaces	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2.1 Uses sensory means to explore people, animals, and objects
Young Toddler	Notice and gesture to different objects in the sky	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4. Uses intentional gestures, vocalizations, and objects to communicate
	Explore the natural environment	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1.2 Uses senses to explore
	Notice own shadow	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.3 Makes observations
Older Toddler	Name objects in the sky	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.3 Makes observations
	Use tools to explore various earth materials	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1.1 Uses simple tools to gather information
	Notice the shadows of others and objects	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.3 Makes observations
Younger Preschool	Describe different objects in the sky	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.2 Demonstrates knowledge about natural
	Describe various earth materials	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	hannenings 2.3 Makes observations
	Describe how shadows change through the day	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.2 Demonstrates knowledge about natural happenings
Older Preschool	Describe typical day and night activities	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.2 Demonstrates knowledge about natural happenings
	Classify various earth materials	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3. Classifies using multiple attributes
	Describe how the Earth's surface is made up of different materials	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.2 Demonstrates knowledge about natural happenings
Kindergarten	K.2.1: Observe and record during sunny days when the sun shines on different parts of the school building.	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.3 Makes observations
Standard	K.2.2: Describe and compare objects seen in the night and day sky.	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	4. Transfers knowledge
SC2.2: Recognize	e seasonal and weather related changes			
Infant	Observe and experience the difference in climate/weather	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1.1 Reacts to events or stimulation
Young Toddler	Observe and investigate environment, nature, and climate/weather	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	Expands simple observations and explorations into further inquiry
Older Toddler	Communicate awareness that the environment, weather, and seasons change	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.2 Demonstrates knowledge about natural happenings
	Name different kinds of weather	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.3 Makes observations
Younger Preschool	Communicate awareness of seasonal changes	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.2 Demonstrates knowledge about natural happenings
_	Describe weather conditions using correct terminology	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.3 Makes observations
Older Preschool	Communicate awareness of seasonal changes	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.2 Demonstrates knowledge about natural happenings
	Describe how weather changes	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.3 Makes observations
Kindergarten Standard	K.2.3: Describe in words and pictures the changes in weather from month to month and season to season.	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.2 Demonstrates knowledge about natural happenings



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	Science Fou	ndation 3: Life Scie	nce	
SC3.1: Demonst	rate awareness of life			
Infant	Demonstrate interest in and interact with plants, animals, and people	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2.1 Uses sensory means to explore people, animals, and objects
imant	Discover body parts	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2.1 Uses sensory means to explore people, animals, and objects
Young Toddler	Identify living organisms by name	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	2. Locates common objects, people, or events
Tourig Toutier	Name basic body parts	Social-Communication	C. Communicative Expression	1.3 Uses consistent approximations for words or signs
Older Toddler	Name characteristics of living organisms	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.3 Discriminates between objects or people using common attributes
	Name more complex body parts	Social-Communication	C. Communicative Expression	1.2 Uses 50 single words, signs, or symbols
Vaunaan Braada ad	Identify the correct names for adult and baby animals	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.3 Discriminates between objects or people using common attributes
Younger Preschool	Compare attributes of living organisms	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.3 Makes observations
	Identify and describe the function of body parts	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.3 Makes observations
	Differentiate animals from plants	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.3 Makes observations
Older Preschool	Discriminate between living organisms and non-living objects	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.2 Demonstrates knowledge about natural happenings
older Freschool	Ask questions and conduct investigations to understand life science	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1. Expands simple observations and explorations into further inquiry
	Identify and describe the function of body parts	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.3 Makes observations
	K.3.1: Observe and draw physical features of common plants and animals.	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.2 Demonstrates knowledge about natural happenings
Kindergarten Standard	K.3.2: Describe and compare living animals in terms of shape, texture of body covering, size, weight, color and the way they move.	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	4. Transfers knowledge
	K.3.3: Describe and compare living plants in terms of growth, parts, shape, size, color and texture.	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	4. Transfers knowledge



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	Science Fo	oundation 4: Enginee	ring	
SC4.1: Demonst	rate engineering design skills			
nfant	Demonstrate an interest in human made objects	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2.1 Uses sensory means to explore people, animals, and objects
illalit	Explore and manipulate human made objects	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2. Combines simple actions to examine people, animals, and objects
	Test limits of the environment	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	2.1 Tries different simple actions to achieve goal
Young Toddler	Begin to construct and deconstruct using readily available materials	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	Coordinates actions with objects to achieve new outcomes
	Use tools to serve a purpose or solve a problem	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	1. Uses object to obtain another object
Older Toddler	Notice whether the solution was successful	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	Coordinates actions with objects to achieve new outcomes
	Use complex motions to play with simple machines	Fine Motor	B. Functional Skill Use	2. Rotates wrist to manipulate object
Varinger Dreschael	Identify a problem or need and create a plan to solve	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	3. Solves problems using multiple strategies
Younger Preschool	Use classroom objects that function as simple machines to enhance play	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	3.2 Manipulates materials to cause change
Older Preschool	Select materials and implement a designated plan	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	3. Solves problems using multiple strategies
	Evaluate and communicate solution outcomes	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	3.1 Evaluates common solutions to solve problems o reach goals
	Use classroom objects to create simple machines to enhance play	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	3.2 Manipulates materials to cause change



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	Science Foundation !	5: Scientific Inquiry a	and Method	
SC5.1: Demonst	rate scientific curiosity			
	Observe and show interest in objects, organisms, and events in the environment	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1. Orients to events or stimulation
nfant	Actively explore the environment	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2.1 Uses sensory means to explore people, animals, and objects
	Repeat actions that causes an interesting effect	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	2.2 Uses simple actions on objects
	Demonstrate curiosity	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1.2 Uses senses to explore
oung Toddler	Actively explore the environment	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1.2 Uses senses to explore
	Solve problems using trial and error	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	2.1 Tries different simple actions to achieve goal
Older Toddler	Demonstrate curiosity and ask for more information	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	Expands simple observations and explorations in further inquiry
	Use tools to explore the environment	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1.1 Uses simple tools to gather information
	Observe with a focus on details	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	Expands simple observations and explorations in further inquiry
ounger Preschool	Use simple tools to extend investigations	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1.1 Uses simple tools to gather information
	Identify self and/or own actions as scientific	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	2.2 Describes objects, people, and events as part o social exchange
Older Preschool	Discuss ways that people can affect the environment in positive and negative ways	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.3 Makes observations
	Independently use simple tools to conduct an investigation to increase understanding	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1.1 Uses simple tools to gather information
	Engage in a scientific experiment with peers	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	3. Investigates to test hypotheses
	Communicate results of an investigation	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	4.1 Communicates results of investigations



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	Social St	udies Foundation	ıs	
	Social Stud	ies Foundation 1: S	elf	
SS1 1: Demonst	rate development of self			
331.1. Demonst	·			
	Respond to celebrations and other cultural events if observed	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration A. Sensory Exploration	1.1 Reacts to events or stimulation 1. Orients to events or stimulation
Infant	Engage in onlooker play	Cognitive	A. Sensory exploration	1. Orients to events of stimulation
	Begin to separate self from others	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	2.1 Recognizes own and familiar names
	Show affection and bonds with familiar adults	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	Initiates positive social behavior toward familiar adult
	Participate in celebrations and other cultural events if observed	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	Interacts appropriately with others during small- group activities
Young Toddler	Begin to demonstrate a sense of belonging to a group by engaging in parallel play	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	1.3 Plays near one or two peers
Tourig Tourier	Begin to notice differences in others	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.3 Discriminates between objects or people using common attributes
	Use simple words to show recognition of family members and familiar adults	Social-Communication	C. Communicative Expression	1.3 Uses consistent approximations for words or signs
	Participate in and imitate celebrations and other cultural events for family, peers, and community if observed	Social-Emotional	E. Meeting Social Expectations	2.1 Meets behavioral expectations in familiar environments
Older Toddler	Begin to demonstrate a sense of belonging to a group by engaging in associative play	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	1. Maintains interaction with peer
	Begin to gesture and ask simple questions regarding differences and/or similarities between self and others	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.3 Discriminates between objects or people using common attributes
	Participate in and describe own family, community, and cultural celebrations if observed	Social-Emotional	D. Social Use of Language	2.2 Describes objects, people, and events as part of social exchange
Younger Preschool	Begin to assimilate family, community, and cultural events in cooperative play	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	2.1 Enacts roles or identities in imaginary play
	Use simple phrases to demonstrate an awareness of differences and/or similarities between self and others	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	2.2 Describes objects, people, and events as part of social exchange
	Participate in and describe local, state, and national events and celebrations if observed	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	2.2 Describes objects, people, and events as part of social exchange
Older Preschool	Identify/honor key people in history	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	2.2 Describes objects, people, and events as part of social exchange
	Assimilate family, community, and cultural cooperative play	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	Plans and acts out recognizable event, theme, or storyline in imaginary play
	K.1.2: Identify people, celebrations, commemorations, and holidays as a way of honoring people, heritage, and events.	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	2.2 Describes objects, people, and events as part of social exchange
Kindergarten Standard	K.2.4: Give examples of how to be a responsible family member and member of a group.	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.1 Classifies according to function
	K.3.6: Identify and compare similarities and differences in families, classmates, neighbors and neighborhood, and ethnic and cultural groups.	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3. Classifies using multiple attributes



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	Social Studies Foun	dation 2: History a	and Events	
SS2.1: Demonst	rate awareness of chronological thinking			
Young Toddler	Adapt to changes in routine and/or schedule	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3.2 Follows familiar social routines with familiar adult
	Anticipate events	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3.1 Initiates next step of familiar social routine
Older Toddler	Begin to recognize the sequence of events as part of a daily routine	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3. Participates in familiar social routines with caregivers
Younger Preschool	Recognize the sequence of events as part of a daily routine and as it relates to the passage of time	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4.1 Identifies common concepts
Older Preschool	Demonstrate an understanding of time in the context of daily experiences and understand that the passage of time can be measured	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4. Uses early conceptual comparisons
	Begin to understand how time is measured	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4.1 Identifies common concepts
Kindergarten Standard	K.1.4: Explain that calendars are used to represent the days of the week and months of the year.	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	2. Recognizes symbols
SS2.2: Demonst	rate awareness of historical knowledge			
Young Toddler	Respond to stories about time and age	Literacy	A. Awareness of Print Concepts	1. Participates in shared group reading
Older Toddler	Begin to recall information from recent experiences	Cognitive	B. Imitation and Memory	3.3 Relates events immediately after they occur
Younger Preschool	Begin to communicate concepts of time	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4.1 Identifies common concepts
Older Preschool	Demonstrate the awareness of change over time	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4. Uses early conceptual comparisons
Kindergarten Standard	K.1.1: Compare children and families of today with those from the past.	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	4. Transfers knowledge



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
SS2.3: Demonst	rate awareness of the foundations of government			
Older Toddler	Begin to recognize familiar aspects of community or cultural symbols	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	2. Recognizes symbols
Younger Preschool	Identify leaders and helpers in the home or classroom environment	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.1 Classifies according to function
Touriger Trescrioor	Recognize familiar aspects of community or cultural symbols	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	2. Recognizes symbols
Older Preschool	Identify leaders and community helpers at home, school, and in environments	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3. Classifies using multiple attributes
Older Freschool	Identify symbolic objects and pictures of local, state, and/or national symbols	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	2. Recognizes symbols
Kindergarten	K.2.1: Give examples of people who are community helpers and leaders and describe how they help us.	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	2.2 Describes objects, people, and events as part of social exchange
Standard	K.2.2: Identify and explain that the President of the United States is the leader of our country and that the American flag is a symbol of the United States.	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	2.2 Describes objects, people, and events as part of social exchange
SS2.4: Demonst	rate awareness of the functions of government			
	Demonstrate comfort in familiar routines, objects, and materials	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3.2 Follows familiar social routines with familiar adults
Infant	Respond to adult guidance about behavior	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	1.1 Responds appropriately to familiar adult's affective tone
Young Toddler	Begin to understand and follow basic guidance	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3.2 Follows familiar social routines with familiar adults
Older Toddler	Begin to demonstrate an understanding of rules	Social-Emotional	E. Meeting Social Expectations	3.2 Follows established social rules in familiar environments
Younger Preschool	Begin to demonstrate an understanding of rules in the home, school environment, and the purposes they serve	Social-Emotional	E. Meeting Social Expectations	3.2 Follows established social rules in familiar environments
Older Preschool	Demonstrate an understanding of rules in the home, school environment, and the purposes they serve	Social-Emotional	E. Meeting Social Expectations	2.1 Meets behavioral expectations in familiar environments
Kindergarten Standard	K.2.3: Give examples of classroom and school rules and explain the importance of following these rules to ensure order and safety.	Adaptive	D. Personal Safety	4. Recognizes and reports information regarding safety



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	Social Studies	Foundation 3: Geog	graphy	
SS3.1: Demonsti	rate awareness of the world in spatial terms			
Infant	Begin to discover use of body and objects in the environment	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2. Combines simple actions to examine people, animals, and objects
Young Toddler	Begin to respond to simple location terms	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4.1 Identifies common concepts
Tourig Toutier	Use a variety of materials to represent familiar objects	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	2.1 Uses object to represent another object
Older Toddler	Begin to use simple location terms	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4.1 Identifies common concepts
Older Toddiel	Experiment with materials to represent objects in play	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	2.1 Uses object to represent another object
	Identify location, directionality, and spatial relationships	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4.1 Identifies common concepts
Younger Preschool	Begin to create simple representations of a familiar physical environment	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1. Expands simple observations and explorations into further inquiry
Older Preschool	Develop concepts and describe location, directionality, and spatial relationships	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4. Uses early conceptual comparisons
	Engage in play where one item represents another	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	2.1 Uses object to represent another object
Kindergarten	K.3.1: Use words related to location, direction and distance, including here/there over/under, left/right, above/below, forward/backward and between.	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4. Uses early conceptual comparisons
Standard	K.3.2: Identify maps and globes as ways of representing Earth and understand the basic difference between a map and globe.	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	2. Recognizes symbols
SS3.2: Demonsti	rate awareness of places and regions			
Infant	Explore the immediate environment	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2.1 Uses sensory means to explore people, animals, and objects
Young Toddler	Recognize parts of surroundings	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	2. Locates common objects, people, or events
Tourig Toutilei	Look toward location where familiar objects are stored with the expectation of finding them	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	1.2 Locates hidden object
	Describe the characteristics of home and surroundings	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.3 Makes observations
Older Toddler	Know the location of objects and places in familiar environments	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	1. Maintains search for object not in its usual location
Varrage Bracels al	Identify and describe prominent features of the classroom, school, neighborhood, and community	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.3 Makes observations
Younger Preschool	Begin to learn knowledge of personal and geographic information	Social-Emotional	E. Meeting Social Expectations	4.3 Provides given name or nickname of self and others
	Use words to describe natural and man-made features of locations	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.3 Makes observations
Older Preschool	Become familiar with information about where they live and understand what an address is	Social-Emotional	E. Meeting Social Expectations	4. Relates identifying information about self
Vindorgarta:	K.3.3: Locate and describe places in the school and community.	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.3 Makes observations
Kindergarten Standard	K.3.4: Identify and describe the address and location of school; understand the importance of an address.	Social-Emotional	E. Meeting Social Expectations	4. Relates identifying information about self



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items	
SS3.3: Demonstrate awareness of environment and society					
Young Toddler	Show interest in various aspects of the environment	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1.2 Uses senses to explore	
Older Toddler	Explore characteristics and ask questions about aspects of the environment	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1. Expands simple observations and explorations into further inquiry	
Younger Preschool	Begin to understand the relationship between humans and the environment	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.2 Demonstrates knowledge about natural happenings	
Older Preschool	Begin to describe the reciprocal relationship between humans and the environment	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.2 Demonstrates knowledge about natural happenings	
Kindergarten Standard	K.3.7: Recommend ways that people can improve their environment at home, in school, and in the neighborhood.	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	4. Transfers knowledge	



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	Social Studies	Foundation 4: Econ	omics	
SS4.1: Demonst	rate awareness of economics			
Infant	Demonstrate preference for specific objects and people	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4.2 Makes choices to express preferences
Young Toddler	Communicate desire for objects and/or persons that are in the classroom or home	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4.2 Makes choices to express preferences
Tourig Toudiei	Imitate familiar roles and routines	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3. Participates in familiar social routines with caregivers
	Use props related to buying and selling items during play	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	2.2 Uses imaginary props in play
Older Toddler	Communicate wants and needs	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4. Uses intentional gestures, vocalizations, and object to communicate
	Recognize various familiar workers in the community	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.1 Classifies according to function
	Begin to role play different jobs	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	2.1 Enacts roles or identities in imaginary play
	Begin to understand the purpose of money and concepts of buying and selling through play	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	2.2 Uses imaginary props in play
Younger Preschool	Develop an awareness that people work for money in order to provide for basic needs	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	4. Draws plausible conclusions about events beyond personal experience
	Develop an awareness of the roles of various familiar community helpers/workers	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.1 Classifies according to function
	Act out adult social roles and occupations	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	2.1 Enacts roles or identities in imaginary play
	Begin to understand the purpose of money and concepts of buying and selling through play	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	2. Plans and acts out recognizable event, theme, or storyline in imaginary play
Older Preschool	Develop an awareness that people work for money in order to provide for basic needs	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	4. Draws plausible conclusions about events beyond personal experience
	Describe community helpers/workers in terms of tools/equipment they use and services/products they provide	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.1 Classifies according to function
	Act out adult social roles and occupations	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	2.1 Enacts roles or identities in imaginary play
	K.4.1: Explain that people work to earn money to buy the things they want and need.	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	4. Draws plausible conclusions about events beyond personal experience
Kindergarten Standard	K.4.2: Identify and describe different kinds of jobs that people do and the tools or equipment used in these jobs.	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.1 Classifies according to function
	K.4.4: Give examples of work activities that people do at home and at jobs.	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3. Classifies using multiple attributes



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	Social Studies	Foundation 5: Citize	enship	
SS5.1: Demonst	rate awareness of citizenship			
Infant	Interact with the environment to make needs known	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1.1 Reacts to events or stimulation
Young Toddler	Observe others carrying out routines and responsibilities and begin to imitate	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3.2 Follows familiar social routines with familiar adult
	Make choices known	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4.2 Makes choices to express preferences
Older Toddler	Participate in simple routines with adult support	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3. Participates in familiar social routines with caregivers
	Identify preferences	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4.2 Makes choices to express preferences
	Assist adults with daily routines and responsibilities	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3.1 Initiates next step of familiar social routine
Younger Preschool	Choose simple daily tasks from a list of classroom jobs	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4.2 Makes choices to express preferences
Touriger Prescribor	Begin to initiate helping tasks	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3.1 Initiates next step of familiar social routine
	Demonstrate an understanding of how voting works	Math	B. Quantitative Relations	1.3 Uses quantity comparison words
Older Preschool	Demonstrate willingness to work together to accomplish tasks	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	3. Maintains cooperative activity
	Identify simple tasks within the home, early childhood setting, or community	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	2.2 Describes objects, people, and events as part of social exchange
	Provide leadership in completing daily tasks	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	3.1 Initiates cooperative activity
	Demonstrate an understanding of the outcome of a vote	Math	B. Quantitative Relations	1.3 Uses quantity comparison words



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
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	Creative	Arts Foundation	S	
	Creative Art	ts Foundation 1: Mu	usic	
CA1 1. Damana				
CA1.1: Demons	trate creative music expression			
	Respond to music by moving own body	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1.1 Reacts to events or stimulation
	Experiment with vocalizations and sounds	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	2. Produces speech sounds
Infant	React to familiar songs or music	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	2.3 Responds to familiar game or action
	Participate in diverse musical genres and styles	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	2.2 Repeats part of interactive game or action in orde
	raticipate in diverse musical genres and styles	30Clai-Elilotioliai	A. Interactions with Addits	to continue game or action
	Respond to music by moving own body	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	1.2 Participates in repetitive verbal play
	Imitate sounds using voice or objects	Cognitive	B. Imitation and Memory	2.1 Imitates novel vocalizations
Varios Taddlas	Sing along to familiar songs	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	1.2 Participates in repetitive verbal play
Young Toddler	Make rhythmic patterns with objects	Cognitive	B. Imitation and Memory	1. Imitates novel coordinated motor actions
	Participate in diverse musical genres and styles	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	2.2 Responds appropriately to directions during large- group activities
	Respond to music by moving own body	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	1.2 Participates in repetitive verbal play
	Experiment with vocalizations, sounds, and musical instruments	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	1.2 Participates in repetitive verbal play
	Initiate singing a song repeatedly	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	1.2 Participates in repetitive verbal play
Older Toddler	Produce rhythmic patterns to familiar songs	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	1.2 Participates in repetitive verbal play
	Troduce mytimic patterns to familiar songs	Literacy	-	
	Participate in diverse musical genres and styles	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	2.2 Responds appropriately to directions during large- group activities
	Listen and respond to music	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	1.2 Participates in repetitive verbal play
	Participate in classroom experiences with musical instruments and singing to express creativity	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	2.1 Interacts appropriately with materials during large group activities
Younger Preschool	Sing songs that use the voice in a variety of ways	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	3.2 Varies voice to impart meaning and recognize social or environmental conditions
	Respond to rhythmic patterns in music	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	1.2 Participates in repetitive verbal play
	Describe feelings and reactions in response to diverse musical genres and styles	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	1.2 Identifies/labels own emotions
	Respond to changes heard in music	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	1.2 Participates in repetitive verbal play
	Use familiar rhymes, songs, chants, and musical instruments to express creativity	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	1.2 Participates in repetitive verbal play
Older Preschool	Sing songs that use the voice in a variety of ways	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	3.2 Varies voice to impart meaning and recognize social or environmental conditions
	Respond to rhythmic patterns in music	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	1.2 Participates in repetitive verbal play
	Describe feelings and reactions in response to diverse musical genres and styles	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	1.2 Identifies/labels own emotions



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	K.6.1: Identify differences in musical sounds that are high or low, fast or slow, loud or soft, and demonstrate them through movement, verbal description, or pictures.	I COGNITIVE	E. Scientific Discovery	2.3 Makes observations
Kindergarten	K.1.4: Sing short memorized songs, maintaining a steady beat.	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	1.2 Participates in repetitive verbal play
Standard	K.4.1: Create and play simple, rhythmic patterns with teacher guidance using body percussion or classroom instruments.	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	2.2 Responds appropriately to directions during large- group activities
	K.9.2: Experience music from various historical eras and cultures through singing, listening, or moving.	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	2.2 Responds appropriately to directions during large- group activities



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	Creative Art	s Foundation 2: Da	nce	
CA2.1: Demonst	rate creative movement expression			
Infant	Respond to music with body movements	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1.1 Reacts to events or stimulation
Young Toddler	Use whole body to respond to music	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1.1 Reacts to events or stimulation
Older Toddler	Use dance for self-expression	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	2.2 Responds appropriately to directions during large group activities
Younger Preschool	Convey ideas and emotions through creative movement expression (with or without music)	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	1.2 Identifies/labels own emotions
Older Preschool	Convey ideas and emotions through creative movement expression (with or without music)	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	1.2 Identifies/labels own emotions
Older Freschool	Purposefully select movements that communicate ideas, thoughts, and feelings	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	2.2 Responds appropriately to directions during large group activities
Kindergarten	K.1.1: Isolate various body parts through movement.	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	2.2 Responds appropriately to directions during large group activities
Standard	K.1.2: Explore the element of space through spatial components: shape, personal and shared space, locomotor and nonlocomotor/axial movement.	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4. Uses early conceptual comparisons
	Creative Arts F	Foundation 3: Visua	al Arts	
CA3.1: Demonst	rate creative expression through the visual art process			
Infant	Explore simple art materials	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2.1 Uses sensory means to explore people, animals, and objects
Young Toddler	Use simple art materials	Fine Motor	C. Mechanics of Writing	1.4 Scribbles
Tourig Toutilei	Express preferences for certain art materials	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4.2 Makes choices to express preferences
Older Toddler	Enjoy repetition of materials and experiences	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	1.1 Interacts appropriately with materials during sma group activities
Younger Preschool	Use colors, lines, and shapes to communicate meaning	Literacy	E. Writing	3.4 Writes using "scribble writing"
Older Preschool	Identify and use colors, lines, and shapes found in the environment and in works of art	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4.2 Identifies concrete concepts
Code word	K.7.1: Begin to recognize and use elements (such as line, shape, texture, and color) and principles (such as repetition) in artwork.	Literacy	E. Writing	2. Writes and draws for a variety of purposes
Kindergarten	K.7.2: Discriminate between types of lines (characteristics), shapes (geometric),			



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items		
CA3.2: Demonst	rate creative expression through visual art production					
Infant	Respond to various textures and sensory materials	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2.1 Uses sensory means to explore people, animals, and objects		
	Also see English/Language Arts Foundation 3: Early Writing (ELA3.1)					
Young Toddler	Explore a variety of media	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	1.2 Uses senses to explore		
Tourig Toudlei	Also see English/Language Arts Foundation 3: Early Writing (ELA3.1)					
Older Toddler	Use a variety of media	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	1.1 Interacts appropriately with materials during small-group activities		
	Also see English/Language Arts Foundation 3: Early Writing (ELA3.1)					
	Progress in ability to create drawings, models, and other art using a variety of materials	Literacy	E. Writing	2.1 Makes representational drawings		
Younger Preschool	Develop growing ability to plan, work independently, and demonstrate care in a variety of art	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	3. Initiates and completes independent activities		
	Also see English/Language Arts Foundation 3: Early Writing (ELA3.1)		•			
	Progress in ability to create drawings, models, and other art using a variety of materials	Literacy	E. Writing	2. Writes and draws for a variety of purposes		
Older Preschool	Develop growing ability to plan, work independently and cooperatively, and demonstrate care and persistence in a variety of art	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	Interacts appropriately with others during small- group activities		
	Also see English/Language Arts Foundation 3: Early Writing (ELA3.1)		•			
Kindergarten	K.6.1: Use objects or animals from the real world as subject matter for artwork.	Literacy	E. Writing	2.1 Makes representational drawings		
Standard	K.6.2: Create art that expresses personal ideas, interests, and feelings.	Literacy	E. Writing	2. Writes and draws for a variety of purposes		



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
CA3.3: Demons	trate creative expression through art appreciation			
Infant	Show preference for particular visual stimuli	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1.1 Reacts to events or stimulation
Varia Taddlar	Express likes or dislikes of certain colors or patterns	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4.2 Makes choices to express preferences
Young Toddler	Look at pictures, photographs, and illustrations	Literacy	A. Awareness of Print Concepts	1.1 Participates in shared one-on-one reading
Older Toddler	Communicate preferences while looking at pictures, photographs, and illustrations	Literacy	A. Awareness of Print Concepts	1.1 Participates in shared one-on-one reading
older roddier	Compare and contrast own creations and those of others	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	4. Uses early conceptual comparisons
	Observe and discuss art forms	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	2.2 Describes objects, people, and events as part of social exchange
Younger Preschool	Reflect on differences and preferences when encounters artwork	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	2.2 Describes objects, people, and events as part of social exchange
	Share ideas about personal creative work	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	Provides and seeks information while conversing using words, phrases, or sentences
	Observe and discuss art forms	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	2.2 Describes objects, people, and events as part of social exchange
Older Preschool	Reflect on differences and preferences when encounters artwork	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	2.2 Describes objects, people, and events as part of social exchange
	Share ideas about personal creative work	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	2. Provides and seeks information while conversing using words, phrases, or sentences
Kindergarten	K3.2: Construct possible meaning in works of art based on personal response and properties in the works.	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3. Solves problems using multiple strategies
Standard	K.5.1: Demonstrate curiosity and personal insight through observing and discussing works of art.	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	2. Provides and seeks information while conversing using words, phrases, or sentences



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	Creative Arts Fo	undation 4: Drama	tic Play	
CA4.1: Demonst	rate creative expression through dramatic play			
	Engage in onlooker play	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1. Orients to events or stimulation
Infant	Begin to exhibit skills in solitary play	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2.1 Uses sensory means to explore people, animals, and objects
IIIIdiit	Begin to imitate the actions and expressions of caregivers	Cognitive	B. Imitation and Memory	1.2 Imitates familiar simple motor action
	Begin to recognize that certain actions will draw responses	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	2.1 Initiates simple social interaction with familiar adult
	Engage in solitary play	Social-Emotional	D. Independent and Group Participation	3.3 Entertains self by playing with toys
	Begin to exhibit skills in parallel play	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	1.3 Plays near one or two peers
Young Toddler	Use objects as symbols for other things	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	2.1 Uses object to represent another object
	Demonstrate simple character/animal sounds with motions	Literacy	B. Phonological Awareness	1.2 Participates in repetitive verbal play
	Engage in parallel play	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	1.3 Plays near one or two peers
Older Toddler	Begin to exhibit skills in associative play	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	1.2 Responds appropriately to peer social behavior
Older Toddier	Spontaneously pretend to take on the characteristics of a person, character, or animal	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	2.1 Enacts roles or identities in imaginary play
	Express self through dramatic play	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	2.2 Uses imaginary props in play
	Engage in associative and cooperative play	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	1. Maintains interaction with peer
Younger Preschool	Use a variety of props to demonstrate themes about life experiences, ideas, and feelings	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	2.2 Uses imaginary props in play
	Participate freely in dramatic play experiences that become of increased duration and complexity	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	Plans and acts out recognizable event, theme, or storyline in imaginary play
	Engage in associative and cooperative play	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	3. Maintains cooperative activity
Older Preschool	Role-play imaginary events and characters	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	2.1 Enacts roles or identities in imaginary play
Older Freschool	Participate freely in dramatic play experiences that become of increased duration and complexity	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	Plans and acts out recognizable event, theme, or storyline in imaginary play
Kind our out	K.3.1: Identify and describe the character, plot, and setting in stories.	Literacy	D. Vocabulary and Story Comprehension	Demonstrates understanding of abstract story vocabulary
Kindergarten Standard	K.1.1: Identify elements of theatre in everyday life, such as relationships (characters), clothes (costumes), locations (setting).	Literacy	D. Vocabulary and Story Comprehension	Demonstrates understanding of abstract story vocabulary
	K.8.2: Imitate or create people, creatures, or things based on observation.	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	2.1 Enacts roles or identities in imaginary play



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Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items				
	Physical Health	and Growth Four	ndations					
	Physical Health and Growth Foundation 1: Health and Well-Being							
PHG1.1: Demon	strate development of healthy practices							
Infant	Passively participate in health and hygiene-related behaviors initiated by an adult	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1.1 Reacts to events or stimulation				
Young Toddler	Participate with adult support in health and hygiene-related behaviors	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3.2 Follows familiar social routines with familiar adults				
Tourig Toudier	Imitate personal health practices	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3.2 Follows familiar social routines with familiar adult:				
Older Toddler	Practice health and hygiene-related behaviors with reminders	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3. Participates in familiar social routines with caregivers				
	Imitate an experience of participating in a doctor or dentist visit	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	2.1 Enacts roles or identities in imaginary play				
	Demonstrate health and hygiene-related behaviors with reminders	Adaptive	B. Personal Care Routines	3.1 Completes some steps to brush teeth, comb hair, and wipe nose				
Younger Preschool	Identify the difference between sick and well	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.3 Discriminates between objects or people using common attributes				
	Engage in sociodramatic play to demonstrate the roles of medical professionals	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	2.1 Enacts roles or identities in imaginary play				
	Demonstrate health and hygiene-related behaviors with minimal prompting	Adaptive	B. Personal Care Routines	3.1 Completes some steps to brush teeth, comb hair, and wipe nose				
Older Preschool	Communicate practices that promote healthy living and prevent illness for self and family members	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.2 Demonstrates knowledge about natural happenings				
	Engage in sociodramatic play to demonstrate the roles of medical professionals	Social-Emotional	C. Interactions with Peers	2.1 Enacts roles or identities in imaginary play				
Kindergarten Standard	K.1.1: Name healthy behaviors.	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.2 Demonstrates knowledge about natural happenings				
	K.1.2: Identify that physical health is one dimension of health and wellness.	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.2 Demonstrates knowledge about natural happenings				
	K.1.3: Tell ways to prevent the spread of germs.	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.2 Demonstrates knowledge about natural happenings				



K.2.1: Identify how family influences personal health practices.

Cognitive

E. Scientific Discovery

4. Transfers knowledge

Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
PHG1.2: Demon	strate development of safety practices			
Infant	Use key adults as a secure base when exploring the environment.	Social-Emotional	B. Social-Emotional Expression and Regulation	2.2 Seeks comfort, closeness, or physical contact from familiar adult
mant	Seek reassurance from a trusted caregiver when encountering an unfamiliar person or object	Social-Emotional	•	2.2 Seeks comfort, closeness, or physical contact from familiar adult
Young Toddler	Demonstrate awareness of danger	Adaptive	D. Personal Safety	3.1 Responds appropriately to warnings of dangerous conditions or substances
Tourig Toudier	Respond to adult direction to change behavior in order to avoid danger or prevent injuries	Adaptive	D. Personal Safety	3.1 Responds appropriately to warnings of dangerous conditions or substances
	Demonstrate awareness of danger	Adaptive	D. Personal Safety	Takes independent action when faced with dangerous conditions or substances
Older Toddler	Recall behaviors that prevent injuries	Adaptive	D. Personal Safety	2. Complies with common home and community safety rules
	Respond to adult guidance and direction regarding safety	Adaptive	D. Personal Safety	Complies with common home and community safety rules
Younger Preschool	Identify ways to play safely	Adaptive	D. Personal Safety	Recognizes and reports information regarding safety
Touriger Freschool	Follow simple safety rules while participating in activities	Adaptive	D. Personal Safety	Complies with common home and community safety rules
Older Preschool	Demonstrate basic safety knowledge	Adaptive	D. Personal Safety	Recognizes and reports information regarding safety
Older Prescribor	Participate, with adult support, to develop safety rules for an activity	Adaptive	D. Personal Safety	4. Recognizes and reports information regarding safety
	K.1.4: State behaviors to prevent or reduce childhood injuries.	Adaptive	D. Personal Safety	4.2 Reports inappropriate events, actions, or language by others
Kindergarten	K.5.1: Identify and demonstrate an understanding of rules and safety practices for games and other physical activities.	Adaptive	D. Personal Safety	Complies with common home and community safety rules
Standard	K.5.2: Exhibit a willingness to follow basic directions for an active class.	Social-Emotional	E. Meeting Social Expectations	2.1 Meets behavioral expectations in familiar environments
	K.7.2: Name behaviors that prevent injuries.	Adaptive	D. Personal Safety	4.2 Reports inappropriate events, actions, or language by others



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
PHG1.3: Demon	strate development of nutrition awareness			
	Express when hungry or full	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4. Uses intentional gestures, vocalizations, and object to communicate
	Show food preferences	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4.2 Makes choices to express preferences
Infant	Begin following a regular eating routine	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3.2 Follows familiar social routines with familiar adults
	Demonstrate awareness of different textures of food	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	1.1 Reacts to events or stimulation
	Help with self-feeding	Adaptive	A. Eating and Drinking	3.2 Eats with fingers
	Express when hungry or full	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4. Uses intentional gestures, vocalizations, and objects to communicate
Young Toddler	Try new foods	Adaptive	A. Eating and Drinking	2. Eats foods from variety of food groups with variety of textures
	Follow a regular eating routine	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3. Participates in familiar social routines with caregivers
	Feed self with some assistance	Adaptive	A. Eating and Drinking	3.2 Eats with fingers
	Express when hungry or full	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4. Uses intentional gestures, vocalizations, and objects to communicate
Older Toddler	Make simple food choices depending on personal and cultural preference	Social-Communication	A. Early Social Communication	4.2 Makes choices to express preferences
Older Toddier	Communicate about various characteristics of food	Social-Communication	D. Social Use of Language	2.2 Describes objects, people, and events as part of social exchange
	Feed self with minimal assistance	Adaptive	A. Eating and Drinking	3. Eats with eating utensils
	Respond to physical cues when hungry, full or thirsty	Social-Emotional	E. Meeting Social Expectations	1.1 Meets internal physical needs of hunger and thirst
Younger Preschool	Demonstrate basic understanding that eating a variety of foods helps the body grow and be healthy	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.2 Demonstrates knowledge about natural happenings
	Distinguish between nutritious and less nutritious foods	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3. Classifies using multiple attributes
	Independently feeds self	Adaptive	A. Eating and Drinking	3. Eats with eating utensils
	Respond to physical cues when hungry, full or thirsty	Social-Emotional	E. Meeting Social Expectations	1.1 Meets internal physical needs of hunger and thirst
Older Preschool	Communicate about variety and amount of foods needed to be healthy	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	4. Transfers knowledge
	Name food and beverages that help to build healthy bodies	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	4. Transfers knowledge
	Independently feeds self using utensils	Adaptive	A. Eating and Drinking	3. Eats with eating utensils



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	Physical Health and	Growth Foundatio	n 2: Senses	
PHG2.1: Demon	strate how the five senses support processing information			
Infant	Manipulate objects to see what will happen	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	Combines simple actions to examine people, animals, and objects
Young Toddler	Try a new action with a familiar object	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	2.1 Tries different simple actions to achieve goal
Older Toddler	Test objects to determine their purpose	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	1. Uses object to obtain another object
Younger Preschool	Take things apart and attempt to put them back together	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	3. Solves problems using multiple strategies
Older Preschool	Take things apart and invent new structures using the parts	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	3. Solves problems using multiple strategies
PHG2.2: Demon	strate development of body awareness			
Infant	Show awareness of own body and start to move intentionally	Cognitive	A. Sensory Exploration	2.1 Uses sensory means to explore people, animals, and objects
	Interact with adults in physical activities	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	2. Maintains social interaction with familiar adult
	Identify basic body parts	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	2. Locates common objects, people, or events
Young Toddler	Use trial and error to discover how the body and objects move through space	Cognitive	D. Reasoning	Coordinates actions with objects to achieve new outcomes
	Use simple movement skills to participate in active physical play	Gross Motor	C. Active Play	2.2 Climbs play equipment
	Identify basic body parts	Social-Communication	B. Communicative Understanding	2. Locates common objects, people, or events
		Gross Motor	B. Movement and Coordination	3. Walks avoiding people, furniture, or objects
	Demonstrate awareness of own body in space and in relationship to objects	Gross Motor	B. Movement and Coordination	5. Runs while avoiding people, furniture, or other objects
		Gross Motor	C. Active Play	1 (AII)
Older Toddler		Gross Motor	C. Active Play	2. Uses hands to hang on play equipment with bars
		Gross Motor	C. Active Play	2.2 Climbs play equipment
	Participate in active physical play and structured activities requiring spontaneous and instructed body movements	Gross Motor	C. Active Play	2.3 Goes down small slide
	and instructed body movements	Gross Motor	C. Active Play	3.2 Pedals and steers tricycle
		Gross Motor	C. Active Play	3.3 Pushes riding toy with feet while steering
		Gross Motor	C. Active Play	3.4 Sits on riding toy or in wagon while in motion
	Identify and describe function of body parts	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.1 Classifies according to function
	Demonstrate awareness of own body in relation to other people and objects through play activities	Gross Motor	B. Movement and Coordination	5. Runs while avoiding people, furniture, or other objects
Younger Preschool	Participate in structured and unstructured active physical play exhibiting strength and stamina	Gross Motor	C. Active Play	All
	Demonstrate basic understanding that physical activity helps the body grow and be healthy	Cognitive	E. Scientific Discovery	2.2 Demonstrates knowledge about natural happenings



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	Identify and describe function of body parts	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	3.1 Classifies according to function
	Demonstrate awareness of own body in relation to other people and objects through play activities	Gross Motor	B. Movement and Coordination	5. Runs while avoiding people, furniture, or other objects
Older Preschool	Participate in structured and unstructured active physical play exhibiting strength and stamina	Gross Motor	C. Active Play	All
	Demonstrate basic understanding that physical activity helps the body grow and be healthy	Cognitive	C. Conceptual Knowledge	2.2 Demonstrates knowledge about natural happenings
		Gross Motor	B. Movement and Coordination	3. Walks avoiding people, furniture, or objects
		Gross Motor	B. Movement and Coordination	4. Alternates feet going up and down stairs
Kindergarten Standard	K.2.2: Demonstrate variations in moving with spatial, directional, and temporal awareness.	Gross Motor	B. Movement and Coordination	5. Runs while avoiding people, furniture, or other objects
		Gross Motor	B. Movement and Coordination	6. Jumps forward
		Gross Motor	B. Movement and Coordination	7. Skips



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items		
	Physical Health and Gr	rowth Foundation 3	: Motor Skills			
PHG3.1: Demon	strate development of fine and gross motor coordination					
	Demonstrate hand-eye coordination and participate in a variety of activities to enhance coordination	Fine Motor	A. Reach, Grasp, and Release	1. Makes directed batting or swiping movements with each hand		
Infant	Begin to develop coordination and balance, often with support	Gross Motor	A. Body Control and Weight Transfer	4 (AII)		
	Develop control of head and back, progressing to arms and legs	Gross Motor	A. Body Control and Weight Transfer	1. Turns head, moves arms, and kicks legs independently of each other		
	Also see English/Language Arts Foundation 3: Early Writing (ELA3.1)					
	Gain control of hands and fingers	Fine Motor	A. Reach, Grasp, and Release	2 (AII)		
Young Toddler	Begin to develop coordination and balance, requiring less support	Gross Motor	B. Movement and Coordination	2. Stoops and regains balanced standing position		
	Also see English/Language Arts Foundation 3: Early Writing (ELA3.1)					
	Use hand-eye coordination to manipulate smaller objects with increasing control	Fine Motor	B. Functional Skill Use	3.3 Fits variety of shapes into corresponding spaces		
		Gross Motor	B. Movement and Coordination	3. Walks avoiding people, furniture, or objects		
Older Toddler	Develop coordination and balance	Gross Motor	B. Movement and Coordination	4.1 Walks up and down stairs using support		
		Gross Motor	B. Movement and Coordination	5 (AII)		
	Develop gross motor control for a range of physical activities	Gross Motor	C. Active Play	2.2 Climbs play equipment		
	Also see English/Language Arts Foundation 3: Early Writing (ELA3.1)					
	Refine grasp to manipulate tools and objects	Fine Motor	B. Functional Skill Use	3.4 Holds object with one hand and manipulates object or produces action with other hand		
		Gross Motor	B. Movement and Coordination	3. Walks avoiding people, furniture, or objects		
		Gross Motor	B. Movement and Coordination	4.1 Walks up and down stairs using support		
Younger Preschool	Demonstrate coordination and balance	Gross Motor	B. Movement and Coordination	5. Runs while avoiding people, furniture, or other objects		
		Gross Motor	B. Movement and Coordination	6 (AII)		
		Gross Motor	B. Movement and Coordination	7.1 Gallops		
		Gross Motor	B. Movement and Coordination	7.2 Hops forward on one foot		
	Coordinate movements to perform a task	Gross Motor	C. Active Play	1 (All)		
	Also see English/Language Arts Foundation 3: Early Writing (ELA3.1)					



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
	Perform fine-motor tasks that require small-muscle strength and control	Fine Motor	B. Functional Skill Use	3. Manipulates object with two hands, each performing different action
		Gross Motor	B. Movement and Coordination	3. Walks avoiding people, furniture, or objects
	Demonstrate coordination and balance in a variety of activities	Gross Motor	B. Movement and Coordination	4. Alternates feet going up and down stairs
Older Preschool		Gross Motor	B. Movement and Coordination	5. Runs while avoiding people, furniture, or other
		Gross Motor	B. Movement and Coordination	6 (AII)
		Gross Motor	B. Movement and Coordination	7 (AII)
	Coordinate movements to perform a complex task	Gross Motor	C. Active Play	All
	Also see English/Language Arts Foundation 3: Early Writing (ELA3.1)			
Kindergarten Standard	K.1.3: Perform basic manipulative skills.	Fine Motor	B. Functional Skill Use	3. Manipulates object with two hands, each performing different action



Age Range	IN Indicator	AEPS-3 Area	AEPS-3 Strand	AEPS-3 Items
PHG3.2: Demon	strate development of oral motor skills			
Infant	Demonstrate continual progression in oral muscle tone, strength, and range of motion, leading to more complex oral movement and control	Adaptive	A. Eating and Drinking	1. Uses lips to take semisolid foods off eating utensil
Young Toddler	Demonstrate continual progression in oral muscle tone, strength, and range of motion, leading to more complex oral movement and control	Adaptive	A. Eating and Drinking	4.1 Drinks from cup with spouted lid
Older Toddler	Demonstrate continual progression in oral muscle tone, strength, and range of motion, leading to more complex oral movement and control	Adaptive	A. Eating and Drinking	5.2 Takes in appropriate amount of liquid and returns cup to surface
Younger Preschool	Demonstrate continual progression in oral muscle tone, strength, and range of motion, leading to more complex oral movement and control	Adaptive	A. Eating and Drinking	5.1 Puts appropriate amount of food in mouth, chews and swallows before taking another bite
	Physical Health and Gr	owth Foundation 4	: Personal Care	
PHG4.1: Demon	strate increased independence in personal care routines			
Infant	Participate passively in dressing and undressing self	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3.2 Follows familiar social routines with familiar adult
	Show interest in assisting with personal body care practices	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3.1 Initiates next step of familiar social routine
Young Toddler	Show interest in assisting with dressing and undressing self	Social-Emotional	A. Interactions with Adults	3.1 Initiates next step of familiar social routine
	Exhibit beginning awareness of toileting needs	Adaptive	B. Personal Care Routines	1.3 Indicates awareness of soiled and wet pants or diapers
	Participate with adult support in personal body care practices	Adaptive	B. Personal Care Routines	3.1 Completes some steps to brush teeth, comb hair, and wipe nose
Older Toddler	Participate with adult support in dressing and undressing self	Adaptive	C. Dressing and Undressing	All
	Communicate toileting needs	Adaptive	B. Personal Care Routines	1.1 Indicates need to use toilet
Varrager Dreach and	Attend to personal body care practices with reminders	Adaptive	B. Personal Care Routines	3.1 Completes some steps to brush teeth, comb hair, and wipe nose
Younger Preschool	Independently dress and undress self	Adaptive	C. Dressing and Undressing	2. Selects appropriate clothing and dresses self
	Independently attend to toileting needs	Adaptive	B. Personal Care Routines	1. Carries out all toileting functions
Older Preschool	Attend to personal body care practices with minimal adult support	Adaptive	B. Personal Care Routines	Completes all steps for personal hygiene, including brushing teeth, combing hair, and wiping nose
	Independently dress and undress self	Adaptive	C. Dressing and Undressing	2. Selects appropriate clothing and dresses self
	Independently attend to toileting needs	Adaptive	B. Personal Care Routines	1. Carries out all toileting functions

